DON'T SCOLD THE COOK
BUT USE
KEEWATIN ∴ FLOUR.

The Daily Colonist.

D. E. CAMPBELL'S
PRESCRIPTION STORE,
COR. FORT & DOUGLAS STS

VOL. LXIX.---NO. 63 VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1893. THIRTY-FIFTH YEAR.

DIAMONDS,
WATCHES,
JEWELRY,
SILVERWARE AND
NOVELTIES
—AT—
LOWEST CASH PRICES
—AT—
DAVIDSON BROS.'
THE MANUFACTURING JEWELERS,
Five Sisters Block, - - - 59 Government St.

—THE—
Canada Settlers' Loan AND Trust Co
(LIMITED.)
OF LONDON, ENGLAND
The above Company is prepared to make Loans of ANY AMOUNT on the security of Real Estate in this Province.
Applications may be made to Messrs. Turner, Beeton & Co., Agents for the Company, or to Messrs. Eberts & Tayler, 30 Langley street, Solicitors for the Company.
feb2

INFORMATION
REGARDING THE SILVER MINES OF KOOTENAY OR THE TOWNSITES OF
LARDEAU,
ON ARROW LAKE.
DUNCAN CITY,
ON UPPER KOOTENAY LAKE.
ARGENTA,
ON KOOTENAY LAKE.
TROUT LAKE CITY
ON TROUT LAKE.
CAN BE OBTAINED OF
HENRY CROFT
Real Estate, Insurance, Financial & Mining Broker
72 GOVERNMENT ST.
ja16-se13

THE PROVIDENT SAVINGS LIFE
ASSURANCE SOCIETY
Issues all the latest and most equitable forms of Insurance offered to the Public.
New Business, 1892.....$19,517,516.00
Insurance in force 31st Dec., 1892..$76,843,241.00
S. H. MATSON, Manager for the Province of B. C.,
Office: 43½ Government Street. fe10-3m-eom

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)
CAPITAL.....£600,000, $2,920,000.
(With power to Increase.)
RESERVE.....£260,000, $1,265,333.
HEAD OFFICE: - - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND.
BRANCHES:
IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON (KOOTENAY LAKE).
IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA.
Agents and Correspondents in Canada and the United States:
Bank of Montreal, Canadian Bank of Commerce, Imperial Bank of Canada; Bank of Montreal, New York and Chicago.
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM.
Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.
NELSON, Kootenay Lake, B. C. This branch is now open for business.
Victoria, B.C., April 4, 1892 ap5 W. C. WARD, MANAGER.

ASK FOR
OGILVIE'S
HUNGARIAN FLOUR
The Largest Individual Milling Business in the World.
Total Capacity, 8,000 Barrels per day.
☞ POSITIVELY THE BEST IN THE MARKET. ☜
For sale by all dealers and grocers.
G. M. LEISHMAN, AGENT FOR B. C. ju18

CHICKEN RANCHES OR FRUIT FARMS
100 ACRES Subdivided into 10-acre blocks, to be had cheap and on easy terms. Situate in Saanich. The cheapest land by far in the country.
HALL, GOEPEL & CO., - oc28 100 Government Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A girl to do light housework; wages $15 a month. Apply to Mrs. Hall, 8 Stanley avenue. fe23-6t

F. V. HOBBS is moving into larger premises and will sell furniture and crockery cheaper than ever to reduce stock. Corner Fort and Blanchard streets. fe22 2t

FOR SALE — Splendid soapstone electric bath. Apply 76 Yates street. fe23-3t

WANTED — Every school boy and school girl who is ambitious to make money easy, after school hours, to send name and address for particulars to W. H. Johnson, Box 919, Montreal. fe23-1t

TO LET—Three bedrooms, furnished, and small empty room; all on one floor; together or separately; front room has cooking stove for housekeeping; very central. 85 Fort street. fe23-1t

TO LET—Twelve roomed house with modern improvements, on Pandora avenue; good orchard. Apply first door above, or to Messrs. Jones & Bridgman. fe23-5t

VICTORIA AUCTION CO.
186 DOUGLAS STREET, NEAR YATES,
ARE PREPARED TO
SELL ALL KINDS OF MERCHANDISE
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE : :
REAL ESTATE : : : : :
And any salable article. Household Effects of all descriptions bought and sold. Our rooms are large and commodious, and are in a central location.
COME AND SEE US.
Don't forget the address—186 Douglas Street.
WM. T. HARDAKER, AUCTIONEER.
fe17-1m

SHERIFF'S SALE.

EAST KOOTENAY.

UNDER and by virtue of a writ of execution against the goods of the Kootenay, B. C., Smelting Co., at the suit of John Campbell, I have seized the moveable property of the said defendants, consisting of engines, boilers, smelting utensils, coal, coke and other property, which I will offer for sale by public auction at the Revelstoke Smelter, at Revelstoke, on Thursday, the 2nd day of March, 1893, at 12 noon.

S. REDGRAVE,
Sheriff of Kootenay.

Dated at Donald,
21st February, 1893. fe23

IMPORTANT NOTICE.
W. FURNIVAL & CO., Auctioneers, having secured the premises lately occupied by D. Johnson & Co., Auctioneers, Broad street, which will in future be the "City Auction Mart," they are now prepared to receive consignments. Grand opening sale, March 1st.
fe23-1t W. FURNIVAL & Co., Auctioneers.

GOLD LACK SEC.
(DEUTZ & GELDERMANN'S)
THE WINE OF ALL "BON VIVANTS."

And the finest batch of Champagne ever shipped to Canada. Same quality and cuvée as supplied to the markets of England, Germany and Russia.
THE FAVORITE CHAMPAGNE OF CONNOISSEURS THROUGHOUT THE CIVILIZED WORLD.
LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS.
Montreal
oc22-tu-th-sa

Railway Switchmen Strike.

CHICAGO, Feb. 22.—All the switch tenders employed in the yards of the Chicago and Western Indiana belt company struck at 5 o'clock this evening for better pay. All trains going in and out of Polk street depot are unable to move, and yard traffic on the Louisville, New Albany and Chicago, Wabash, Chicago and Eastern Illinois, Chicago and Erie, the Grand Trunk and Santa Fe roads is stopped.

Governor McKinley Assigns.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Feb. 22.—Governor McKinley has made an absolute and unqualified assignment of all his property to Herman H. Kehlsaat, Myron T. Herrick and Judge Wm. R. Day. It is a general assignment without reservation, dedicating all the Governor's property to the equal benefit of his creditors without preference. Governor McKinley determined upon this course for the reason, among others, that he feels certain that these trustees, who are gentlemen of experience and ability in business affairs, can realize more from his estate for his creditors than he himself possibly could, pressed as he is with public matters.

REDUCED TO A SCIENCE.
The treatment of disease is now almost reduced to a science. A scientific product of medical skill for the cure of all blood diseases from a common pimple to the worst scrofulous sore, which has held popular esteem for years and increases steadily in favor is Burdock Blood Bitters. *Its cures prove its worth.*

BALMORAL BULLETIN.
SIRS.—I had a troublesome cold which nothing would relieve until I tried Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, and I am glad to say that it completely cured me.
ROBT. MCQUARRIE, Balmoral, Man.

IT HAS NO EQUAL.
DEAR SIRS,—I have used your Hagyard's Yellow Oil for many years, and have found it unequalled for burns, scalds, cuts, etc.
MARY A. COLLETT, Erin, Ont.

CABLE NEWS.

The Kaiser and the Farmers—French Anarchistic Activity—Queensland Floods Over.

Home Rule Prayed Against in the North of Ireland—Stockport Keeps Conservative.

Pope's Jubilee Collections.

ROME, Feb. 22.—The Jubilee collections of Monday already received by the Pope amount to 7,000,000 francs. The Austrian archdukes, the Archbishop of Prague and the Archbishop of Hungary gave 250,000 francs each. The bishops of Austro-Hungary sent 250,000; the nobility of Bohemia sent 300,000; Mexican Catholics, 150,000; and South American Catholics 250,000. Several officials at the Vatican have been arrested for having sold tickets of admission to St. Peter's on the occasion of the celebration of Mass by the Pope. The tickets were sold in direct defiance of orders that admission should be free.

Bomb Throwing Anarchists.

ROME, Feb. 22.—Twenty anarchists have been arrested on suspicion of having been implicated in causing dynamite explosions here during last year. A bomb ready for use was found in the room of one of them.

The Mala Vita Criminals.

PALERMO, Feb. 22.—The monster trial of Mala Vita criminals closed on Monday, with the sentencing of 104 persons to terms of imprisonment of between one year and six years.

Stockport Still Conservative.

LONDON, Feb. 22.—At the parliamentary election in Stockport to-day, to fill the seat left vacant by the death of Louis J. Jennings, Conservative, Mr. Whiteley, Conservative, received 5,264 votes, and Major Sharp Hume, Liberal, 4,799.

The Floods Ended.

MELBOURNE, Feb. 22.—The floods in Queensland have subsided, and telegraphic communication throughout the country has been resumed.

President of French Senate.

PARIS, Feb. 22.—The Republican members of the Senate met to-day to select their candidate for the Senate presidency, left vacant by the resignation of M. LeRoyer. Jules M. Ferry was chosen. He received 87 votes, M. Magnin 53 votes, M. Lacour 7 votes, and M. Jules Simon 2 votes.

The Bribed Deputies.

PARIS, Feb. 22.—M. Andrieux, in a newspaper interview, denies that he purposes publishing the list of the 104 bribed deputies, and warns the public that many of the lists mentioned by others recently are spurious.

A Revolutionary Propaganda.

PARIS, Feb. 22.—The police have seized several large parcels of revolutionary proclamations imported by local Anarchists from London.

Anarchist Efforts in Spain.

MADRID, Feb. 22.—A strong force of the civil guard has been ordered to Alcoy, 24 northwest of Alicante, with instructions to repress vigorously any attempt that may be made by Anarchists to create a disturbance there. The Anarchists in the town have posted a number of placards inciting workingmen to rise and proclaim a social revolution, but it is thought that even were the workingmen disposed to rise against authority, the prompt action of the Government will prevent any overt action.

Fatal Shooting Affray.

DUBLIN, Feb. 22.—A crowd annoyed a dancing party in Scarva, County Down, last evening. Several shots were fired by the dancers and four of the crowd were wounded. Two men have been arrested.

Great Faith.

LONDON, Feb. 22.—Prayers against the Home Rule bill are being offered in all the Protestant churches of the Diocese of Down in Ulster.

The Cholera Bacilli.

BERLIN, Feb. 22.—During the discussion in the Reichstag to-day of the estimates of the Board of Health, Dr. von Boetticher, secretary of the Imperial Home Office, said that medical examination had shown that cholera bacilli do not live long in buried corpses, the earth acting as a filter. The question of cremation, he said, was not within the scope of the Reichstag.

THE PAPAL RECEPTION.

His Holiness Presented With Congratulations from the French President and Others.

ROME, Feb. 22.—As the Pope is still suffering from a cold, the reception of the pilgrims from Hungary, Uruguay and the Argentine, which was to have taken place to-day, was postponed indefinitely. His Holiness received, however, Comte de Behaine, French ambassador at the Vatican, who presented a letter of congratulations and two Sevres vases from President Carnot. The letter was countersigned by M. Develle, French Minister of Foreign affairs, and expressed the President's best wishes for the health and long life of the Pope. In replying to Comte de Behaine's oral congratulations: the Pope spoke of his sincere desire for the prosperity of France and the continuance of the present cordial relations between the Republic and the Vatican.

ULSTER EXCITED.

The Orange Societies Preparing For a Forcible Resistance to a Home Rule Parliament.

LONDON, Feb. 22.—It is reported from Belfast that the Orange societies in the North of Ireland are preparing for forcible resistance to a Home Rule Parliament, should one be established. It is being arranged that all the Irish opponents of Home Rule shall simultaneously withdraw their deposits from the Post Office Savings banks and purchase arms to be used in case physical force should be found necessary to prevent the establishment of Irish Home Rule in Ulster. Inquiries are already being made with a view to making contracts for a supply of the latest improved weapons, and an Orange club at Dungannon has received an offer from a Birmingham factory of 1,000 Martini-Henri rifles. Excitement is running very high among the Ulster loyal party, and many of them declare that, in the event of the enactment of a Home Rule bill, civil war will inevitably ensue.

LOYAL TO THE KAISER.

A Deputation of the Central Agricultural Association Received by the Emperor William.

BERLIN, Feb. 22.—The Emperor received this afternoon a deputation from the Central Agricultural Association of the Provinces. Count Botho Zu Eulenberg, Prussian Minister, and Herr von Heyden, Minister of Agriculture, were present. After Her von Buelow had introduced the deputation and stated briefly their wishes, the Emperor said that he was especially gratified by the action of the association in bringing their complaints directly to the father of their country (Landesvater). He never would rest content until he had got the provincial courts in proper working order so that justice would be practically and expeditiously administered. He especially desired to relieve the agricultural landowners of the cares and the difficulties which surround their occupation, but he felt that many methods, popularly approved for the attainment of this end, only obscured the government and retarded progress toward it. In the first place the preservation of the peace was a necessary condition of all agricultural progress. The agrarian party might assist materially in maintaining the peace by voting for the military bill now before the Reichstag. Agriculture was a pillar of the Empire, and it would ever be his duty and pleasure to uphold and strengthen this pillar. In return he hoped the agricultural party would give in the future, as in the past, constant evidence of their loyalty to the throne. His unshaken belief was that the agricultural classes would show themselves faithful to both Emperor and Empire.

PANAMA MATTERS.

Important Decision Given as to Further Investigations—M. Eiffel Ill.

PARIS, Feb. 22.—M. Franqueville, examining magistrate in the Panama case, questioned M. Vanilla and another contractor to-day concerning the sums received by them from the Canal company. Subsequently he visited the Procureur General and conferred with him for half an hour. It is reported that an important decision as to pressing the investigation was made. While M. Franqueville was with the Procureur-General, Charles de Lesseps, who was committed to the Assizes on February 7 by the Judicial chamber for having bribed public functionaries, was taken to the Palais de Justice for further examination. In consequence of M. Franqueville's continued absence, his examination was postponed, and M. de Lesseps was taken back to prison. M. Eiffel has been ill for the last three days. To-day he has been confined to his bed.

SILVER AT PAR.

The Standard's Opinion as to the Attitude of President Harrison.

LONDON, Feb. 22.—The Standard in a leader on the silver question in the United States, this morning, compares President Harrison's attitude with that of Nero fiddling while Rome burned, and suggests ironically that the Americans must be proud of their chief magistrate. Anything more hopeless than his ability to grasp the situation," continues the Standard, "cannot be conceived. It seems that there must be a severe shock in America before the people will show themselves wiser than their rulers and stop the creation of silver coin certificates circulated as money of full value."

THE ARBITRATION.

Secretary of State Foster Resigns From the Cabinet and Leaves for Paris Saturday.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—Secretary John Foster will to-morrow retire from President Harrison's cabinet and from the administration of foreign affairs for the purpose of assuming the active directorship and management of the case of the United States before the international tribunal which is to assemble in Paris to-morrow, for the arbitration of the questions in controversy between the United States and Great Britain in connection with the sealing industries of Behring Sea. The meeting of the tribunal to-morrow will be purely informal, however, an arrangement having been made that the case shall be formally presented at a subsequent meeting to be held on March 23. Secretary Foster will leave to-morrow afternoon for New York, whence he will sail on Saturday on the ss. New York for Southampton, proceeding thence to Paris. He will be accompanied from New York by Senator Morgan, one of the arbitrators; Judge Blodget, one of the American counsel, will also sail from New York on Saturday, on the Normandia.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.

His Farewell Address Read in the United States Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—To-day's session of the Senate was prefaced by the reading of George Washington's farewell address. This appropriate commemoration of the birthday of the Father of his Country was introduced five years ago, through a resolution offered by Mr. Hoar (Republican, Mass.,), and on that occasion the address was read by Mr. Ingalls, who was then president of the Senate pro tem. To-day, under a like resolution offered by Mr. Hoar, it was read by Senator Manderson, of Nebraska, who holds the same office. Mr. Manderson is a good elocutionist and his reading had a close and respectful attention on the part of the senators and visitors in the galleries.

CAPITAL NOTES.

British Columbia Members Lay the Claims of the Province Before the Government.

Continuation of the Budget Debate—The Export Duty on Logs—Tariff Reform.

(From our own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Feb. 22.—Mr. Barnard arrived this morning in time to accompany Messrs. Earle, Mara, Prior, and Corbould to wait on Sir John Thompson and Hon. Mr. Foster, when they made a formal presentation of British Columbia's claims for a fair share of the appropriations of public money. They asked for improved postal service to the northerly parts of the Province, particularly to the Naas and Skeena rivers, subsidies to the Nakusp and Slocan and Chilliwack railways, and for a portion of the Crow's Nest line, the maintenance of the Darcy Island lepers and the erection of a new Post Office at Victoria. Hon. Mr. Foster rather demurred at the statement that British Columbia had not received a fair share of the public expenditure, and insisted, by the census returns, that she was being fairly treated. The deputation promptly pointed out that it was not the population but the revenue-producing capacity of the Province which should be the standard in this matter. Assurances were given that the leper question should be dealt with satisfactorily to the deputation, and that the other matters would be carefully considered.

A return brought down to-day shows that certain officers of the Kingston penitentiary have been in the habit of receiving coal and other supplies from the institution.

Mr. Charlton introduced a bill to-day to deprive the Government of the power to place an export duty on logs.

The budget debate is petering out, although possibly it will not finish this week.

A remarkable feature of to-day's discussion is the number of Conservatives advocating tariff reform. Mr. Calvin, Conservative member for Frontenac, said he would support Sir Richard Cartwright's amendment, regretting that the Government only proposed to lop off the mouldering branches.

Mr. McCarthy will not participate in the budget debate, being precluded by the House rules from moving any further amendments.

HAWAII'S DESTINY.

Paul Neumann Said to Be Prepared to Accept an American Protectorate.

An Earnest Effort at Washington to Defeat the Annexation Treaty.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—Secretary of State Foster sent to-day to the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, for the information of the Senate, the statement which Mr. Paul Neumann left at the Department yesterday, accompanied by a report of the interview held with the Secretary. From the latter it appears that the object of Mr. Neumann's visit to Washington is to secure the restoration of Queen Liliuokalani to the throne under an American protectorate. He does not advise her restoration under any other circumstances. If the Congress of the United States shall not deem a protectorate feasible, he would then favor annexation, with a liberal allowance for the Queen and Princess Kiaulani, but he strongly objects to the continuance of the present provisional government in power.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 21.—The character of the fight developed against the Hawaiian treaty has caused its friends considerable uneasiness, and the understanding is that they intend to make an attempt to hasten it through, as the opposition is gaining strength. Senator Allison is counted among the opponents of the treaty, and those who are fighting it say to-day that it will be impossible to get a two-thirds vote for it in the senate. Springer, of Illinois, and other members proposed to get a resolution through the House to ascertain why the treaty, which will involve the government in expenditures and require the raising of revenues, is submitted to the senate without being submitted to the House also. The effort to defeat the treaty is an earnest one.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—Prince David Kawananako returned to Washington yesterday. Ex-Minister of Finance E. C. Macfarlane and Thos. Wilkins remained in town and expect to-morrow or next day to be joined by Paul Newmann, who, in behalf of the Queen is trying to stop the ratification of the annexation treaty. Of the statement that the Prince and he were going to make an appeal to President-elect Cleveland, Mr. MacFarlane says: "We have no such intention. We don't desire to embarrass him in any way; he is as yet a private citizen. We hope, however, that the settlement of the annexation problem will be postponed until after he is inaugurated and that a commission may be chosen to visit the Islands and ascertain exactly the sentiment of the natives as between annexation, a protectorate or what not. Then the Government can act intelligently and justice be done the Queen and her subjects. As it is the statements of Thurston and other men who are concerned in the revolution are all that President Harrison has had to guide him in recommending annexation. I have not heard from Newmann, since my arrival here, but take it for granted that the senate has not acted finally upon the treaty, or we should have been informed of it. If nothing has been done before adjournment, I will feel happy."

LONDON, Feb. 22. — Princess Kaiulani, heiress to the throne of Hawaii, started to-day for New York on the steamer Teutonic. The princess is accompanied by Theophilus Davies, wife and daughter and by Miss Warloff. Her residence in England heretofore has been kept secret, but Davies, after repeated requests, consented to permit a correspondent to have an interview with the princess at his residence, called Sandown Hesketh Park, Southport, where the young lady was residing. Davies is the principal British merchant connected with the Hawaiian Islands, and is said to be a strong supporter of British interests in Hawaii. Princess Kaiulana is tall, slender, and with a more thoughtful deliberate air than might be expected in a school girl. She is a brunette, with the eyes of a gazelle and features that suggest just a suspicion of her Kanaka origin. She was somewhat nervous during the interview. She said she had nothing to add to what she had addressed to the American people, and she expressed her thanks that her appeal had been forwarded to American newspapers. She said she had no definite plans, but would be guided by her guardian, Mr. Davies. She proposed to spend two days in New York and then to visit Boston, where she would remain until after the inauguration of President Cleveland; then she would go to Washington and would probably make a personal appeal to Cleveland. The Princess added that she had no friends in America except the friends of Davies. She timidly expressed the hope that she might gain the sympathy of the American people.

CANADIAN NEWS.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

Lt.-Governor Chapleau Travelling.

QUEBEC, Feb. 22.—Lieut.-Governor Chapleau will sail from New York on March 25 for Europe, where he will spend several months on account of his health. During his absence Sir Alexander Lacoste will act as administrator.

Tobacco Prohibition.

QUEBEC, Feb. 22.—The Legislature has passed Mr. Cooke's bill prohibiting the sale of tobacco to minors. There was no opposition to the bill.

The Coal Syndicate.

MONTREAL, Feb. 22.—Hugh McLennan, one of the directors of the New Dominion Coal Co., says that although Mr. Van Horne is one of the Canadian directorate the C. P. R. is not at the back of the company and has nothing to do with it.

Sir John Abbott Well.

MONTREAL, Feb. 22.—Mr. J. Abbott, son of the ex-Premier, has just received news that his father is now in Florence and that his health is very good.

A Judge Arrested on the Bench.

HALIFAX, Feb. 22.—While Judge Carll was trying a liquor license violation case at Bridgewater to-day, two constables from Lunenburg entered the court house with a warrant for his arrest on the charge of forgery committed in 1883. The judge fainted when the papers were produced. When the arrest was resisted by the friends of Judge Carll one constable aimed a revolver, but was disarmed before he fired. The prisoner was taken from the bench and removed to Lunenburg, where he will appear for examination.

County Court Judge Dead.

THOROLD, Feb. 22.—Judge Baxter, county court judge of the County of Welland, died at his residence here this morning of heart disease. He had been ailing for some time past and his death was not unexpected.

Live Bird Tournament.

TORONTO, Feb. 22.—Davies' live bird tournament opened yesterday with a large number of Canadian and American shots in attendance. The prizes are the most valuable ever given here and the competitions are keen.

A Divorce Granted.

OTTAWA, Feb. 22.—The Senate committee on divorce laws to-day favorably reported on the petition of Robert Young Hebden for a divorce from his wife, who eloped with John Allan, of the Allan Steamship Company, Montreal. The runaway couple are in Japan.

WINNIPEG WIRINGS.

The Board of Trade Opposed to Combines—End of the Budget Debate—Collapse of a Roof.

WINNIPEG, Feb. 22.—(Special)—At a special meeting of the Winnipeg Board of Trade a resolution was passed that the Dominion Government be urged to introduce immediately such legislation as will dissolve combines or trusts, and that such legislation shall include provisions which will enable the Governor-General-in-Council to reduce and abolish the import tariff on any and every class of goods in connection with which a combine or trust for the upholding of prices or otherwise hindering competition has been or may be found in the Dominion.

About 6:30 last evening the roof and north side of the Carman skating and curling rink collapsed and the building is a total wreck. The curlers had just left the rink, and a match was on for 7 o'clock. Had the accident happened while the curlers were in the rink it is certain that all would have been instantly killed, as the roof lies flat on the ice. Escape would have been impossible.

The debate on the budget was concluded in the Legislature early this morning.

CLEVELAND'S CABINET.

Official List of the Advisers Whom He Has Chosen—Some New Men.

LAKEWOOD, Feb. 22.—Mr. Cleveland announced this evening that he had completed his cabinet, which is as follows: Walter O. Gresham, of Indiana, secretary of state; John G. Carlisle, of Kentucky, secretary of the treasury; Daniel S. Lamont, of New York, secretary of war; Hillary A. Herbert, of Alabama, secretary of the navy; Hoke Smith, of Georgia, secretary of the interior; J. Sterling Morton, of Nebraska, secretary of agriculture; Wilson S. Bissell, of New York, B.M.G.; Richard Olney, of Massachusetts, attorney-general.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Nanaimo Board Opposes Amendments to the School Act Recommended by Victoria Trustees.

On Trial for Harboring a Kidnapper—Westminster Aldermanic Election—Tramps From U. S.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

WESTMINSTER.

NEW WESTMINSTER, Feb. 22.—In the aldermanic election to-day H. Hoy was elected by 100 votes, against H. Handcock, 42.

The new tramway short line to Vancouver is about finished, and trams will be running over it next week.

Abbs, the Regina absconder, will be taken back to-morrow by Sergeant Fife, of the N. W. M. P., to stand his trial.

Tramps are coming in thick every day from the American side. The police give protection to a number every night.

A. J. Martin, manager of the B. C. cannery, was married last night to Miss A. J. Kelly, niece of Rev. S. J. Kelly.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, Feb. 22.—T. Keith, M.P.P. for the city, has been requested by the board of school trustees and the city council to oppose the proposed alterations in the School Act as embodied in a recent resolution of the Victoria school trustee board. All departments of the city schools reopened this morning for the first time since the recent severe weather.

The shoemaker, F. J. Davis, who was arrested recently by Chief O'Connell on a charge of harboring H. W. Hamlyn, the ex-secretary of the Seamen's Union, and the alleged leader of the Bawnmore raid, has been remanded until next Monday, when he will be given a preliminary hearing before J. P. Planta, S. M.

Regulation white helmets have been issued to the infantry corps, of which the members are exceedingly proud.

The B. C. Association football cup tie contests will come off as follows: Y.M.C.A. vs. Nanaimo Rangers, Riverside vs. Northfield, Wellington bye. The first match comes off on March 4th.

Several hogs belonging to G. W. Kennedy, proprietor of the Wellington Hotel, have been killed by order of Mr. F. S. Roper, government inspector. The animals were afflicted with hog cholera.

The residents of Newcastle townsite anxiously await the installation of one or more hydrants in that quarter of the town. Should a fire break out water would at present be unobtainable.

ALBERNI.

ALBERNI, Feb. 13.—The weather has been mild during the past week, and the snow has gone down under a heavy rain. There are prospects of settled weather now.

G. A. Huff has returned from Victoria, and H. Guillod, Indian agent, from Ucluleht.

The mail carrier was obliged to return last Wednesday for reinforcements owing to the heavy snow fall on the mountain road. He left again on Thursday and returned on horseback yesterday evening.

The Nanaimo delegates not having arrived, Rev. R. J. Adamson has postponed the ordination of elders, and the lecture to be delivered by Rev. D. A. McRae, until further notice be given.

WANT A WAGON ROAD.

Messrs. Buchanan and Green Down From Kaslo to Attend to the Matter.

Messrs. G. O. Buchanan and R. F. Green, who possess extensive interests in the vicinity of Kaslo, arrived down from that region yesterday. They are visiting Victoria in the interest of the people of Kaslo for the purpose of laying before the Government the necessity of completing and putting into good condition the wagon road between Kaslo and Cody Creek, a distance of about thirty miles. This road is finished for twenty miles, but will require repairing in the spring.

"This road," says Mr. Buchanan, "will open up the most valuable mining centres of the country around Kaslo. The road will need to be so built that heavy ore wagons can use it continuously. Messrs. Perry, Gray & Davis, the engineers of the road, have done their work so well that nowhere on the road is the grade over three per cent. in the direction the ore must go.

"We have lately received reports from the Washington, Blue Bird, Jackson, Great Western, Mountain Chief and Alamo mines, and they are all doing very well indeed. Supplies are being sent in to the Noble Five mines which will run them until next August.

"All the building possible, considering the weather, was done in Kaslo last winter, and many are only awaiting a milder season to do far more. The Buchanan saw mill ran all winter and expects to turn out between 5,000,000 and 10,000,000 feet of lumber next season to supply the demand. Generally the winter season has been good and business men have no cause to complain.

"The Pilot Bay smelter will handle all the home ore that can be sent to it and the cry that the ores will go to the United States is foolish, when we consider that we have at our doors the best equipped smelter in the Dominion.

"We met Capt. Troup, of the Columbia & Kootenay Navigation Co., who reported that at Bonner's Ferry an American company have secured the steamer Spokane and are remodelling her by adding 30 feet to her length. She will run on the Kootenay river. This will make one boat per day on the river. Another company are building a passenger boat for the same purpose. The mail system during the winter has been very irregular. Contracts should have been let to cover the increased winter cost; mail is now coming in by Bonner's Ferry.

"Falling silver markets are closing down low grade silver mines in the United States, and those interested in them are turning toward the high grade camps of British Columbia.

"Some gold quartz claims have been discovered assaying $700 per ton. They will be opened in the spring.

"The Kaslo people need a jail. The absence of one is very inconvenient to those entrusted with the administration of the law.

"There is a movement on foot to incorporate Kaslo and Nelson, and we need very much a land titles registry office—that is about as complete a summary of the news in our quarter as I can give at present."

Parties subscribing with T. N. Hibben & Co. for Harper's Magazine, paying one year's subscription in advance, will, on payment of one dollar additional, receive a copy of "Chicago and the World's Fair," published by Harper & Bros. at $3.

John Bull ranges at Cheapside.

THE TUG-OF-WAR.

Sergt.-Major Mulcahy Desires the World to Know That His Team Won.

Some dissatisfaction seems to still exist over the result of the tug-of-war tournament. Some of the captains of the other teams entered in the contest think they should have a show to win the purse and, what they deem far more valuable, the honor of coming out best in the tournament. The time for the beginning of the contest was set for 8 o'clock sharp and no team except the firemen reported to the referee or signified their intention to continue the contest. The referee asked Captain Deasy, of the firemen's team, if he wished the contest to go to his team by default. The answer was a decided

"No—we want to pull the battery men fair and square, and only ask to see the best men win. Give them time to come."

The "C" Battery team was nearly one-half hour late in getting into position, but finally settled into one of the gamest contests ever seen in British Columbia. At the conclusion of the first draw no one seemed to understand that the rules required best two in three to complete the contest and the major portion of the crowd went home. After some difficulty the referee succeeded in getting the teams in place for the second pull, but the captain of the firemen's team declined to go on, owing to the illness of his anchor man. The decision was then given in favor of "C" Battery's team. No other teams appearing the contest came to an end.

The following letter was received yesterday from Sergt.-Major Mulcahy:

ARTILLERY BARRACKS,
VICTORIA, B.C., Feb. 22, 1893.

TO THE EDITOR:—From your statement in the COLONIST of the 22nd inst., on page 5, you state that finally the marker crossed the line (time, 2 hrs. and 14 min.) "the *draw* to 'C' Battery.

I wish to say that it was not a draw to "C" Battery, but a decided *win*, the team of that corps having pulled the rope about 6 ft. 2 ins. from centre to first cleat on their side.

I wish this statement published in fairness to us, as many readers would at present assume that it was a draw—not a decided win.

(Sd.) A. MULCAHY,
Sergeant Major.

How anyone could have read the account of the affair as given in the COLONIST and gathered any other meaning but that "C" Battery won the contest is difficult to understand. A "decided win" is not possible on the first contest, where two or three are called for. The purse has been awarded to "C" Battery by the referee, and it is understood that any claim to title of "champions of B.C." will be contested by other challenges to defend the title. Further contests may be looked for.

A VERY HARD CASE.

TO THE EDITOR:—Here is a very hard case which I think worthy of your attention:

A Mr. C. Beau, with his wife and family, left the neighborhood of Tacoma on the 20th inst. because times were dull there, and he hoped to make a home for his children in British Columbia. For many years back Beau has had bad luck. His wife has had seven years of ill health, and, owing to his master's inability to pay, he tells us that he has lost his last year's wages. Beau, I should say, is a farm laborer, who means to make a small home for himself on Salt Spring. On February 20 he shipped from Tacoma on the City of Kingston, with his wife, three children and his farm stock, consisting of one valuable cow in calf and forty-seven fowls—not much, but this man's all.

On embarking at Tacoma he was charged fifty cents for (so they told him) customs dues on the cow for crossing the line. He paid this and holds a receipt for it. Neither then nor previously was he warned of the quarantine difficulties ahead of him. It was not until he reached Seattle that he was informed that his cow would be detained for 90 days in quarantine on arrival at Victoria. The only apology made to him by the officials when he suggested that they might have told him this at Tacoma was that "they had forgotten."

The result of this forgetting to Beau was that at Victoria he could get no help; the steamship officials vanished into town, and as he could not afford to keep his family in a hotel and pay fifty cents a day for his cow's keep for three months he had to leave his cow where it was and come on without it.

Beau has no friends in Victoria and no one to guard his interests. What will become of his cow he has no idea. He is a French Canadian from the Three Rivers district, speaking English but imperfectly. He can't help himself, and the cow is half a livelihood to this little family. If you can do anything for him in the way of raising a small subscription to pay for his cow's keep and pay the expense of sending it on to him I shall be glad to subscribe a couple of dollars towards it. Perhaps if the Alaska & Puget Sound Co. had their attention called to this case they might do something for Beau, as although they may be under no legal obligation to warn such a passenger of the troubles ahead of him, it seems to me that their moral obligation to do so is very evident.

AN ENGLISHMAN.

Choice Wines.

A special shipment of very superior wines arrived by the Chili, amongst them being a selection of fine Burgundies from Messrs. Poulet Pere et Fils—Beaune Cote d'or, France—whose wines have a very high reputation in Europe. Turner, Beeton & Co., agents. dec2-tf

VICTORIA MARKETS.

Trade Dull, With Prospects of a Revival Encouraging—Flour Stiffening in Price.

Island Potatoes Scarce—A Big Supply From San Francisco During the Week.

The markets have been dull during the past week, bad weather having much to do with the depression. Any decisive improvement is not looked for until the season opens up. Money is tight, and were it not for the liberality of the wholesale houses and the banks many dealers would have a hard time to keep going.

FLOUR shows an upward tendency. The mills have raised the price 10c. per barrel, but this change does not affect the retail price, which remains as quoted last week.

WHEAT is unchanged in price, and as most of it has been bought up there is not likely to be any change, as millers are fully supplied.

OATS are stiffening in price. An advance is not unlooked for.

BARLEY has run up $5 per ton, and at this advance it is freely bought. The supply is somewhat limited.

HAY is quoted $2 per ton higher than last week. Straw remains at the old price, $1 per bale.

EGGS are scarce, and have accordingly run up in price. Fresh average 50c. per dozen, and even at this figure are hard to get. Cased eggs are from 5c. to 10c. per dozen higher than last week.

BACON (American) of fine quality is coming in freely. Good rolled sells at 16c. per lb.; shoulders, 18c. to 20c. per lb.

MEATS continue at ordinary prices, and show rather an upward tendency in consequence of the heavy losses of cattle and sheep by reason of the recent severe weather.

POTATOES are still $2 per bag. During the week about 1,500 bags have been imported from San Francisco.

Appended are the ruling retail prices:—

FLOUR—Portland roller per brl	$ 5.75
Salem	5.75
Ogilvie's (Hungarian)	6.00
Lake of the Woods (Hungarian)	6.00
Premier	6.00
Three Star	5.75
Victoria	5.75
Lion	5.75
Royal	6.00
Wheat, per ton	32.00@40.00
Oats, per con	25.00 @ 30.00
Barley, per ton	30.00@35.00
Middlings, per ton	30.00@35.00
Bran, per ton	27.00@ 30.00
Ground Feed, per ton	30.00@35.00
Corn, whole	45.00
" cracked	50.00
Cornmeal, per 100 lbs. Canadian	2.75@3.00
Oatmeal, per 10 lbs	50
Rolled Oats, per lb " "	6
Potatoes, per bag	2.00
Cabbage, per lb	2@5
Cauliflowers, per doz	2.00@2.50
Hay, baled, per ton	18@20.00
Straw, per bale	1.00
Onions, new, "	3@5
" Silver, per lb	3@5
Eggs, Island, per dozen	45@50
" Portland	30
Butter, Island roll, (2 lbs)	65 @ 75
" Creamery, per 3 lbs.	1.00
Cheese, Canadian per lb., retail	20
Hams, American "	22
Bacon, American, per lb	22
" Rolled "	16
Shoulders, per lb	15
Lard "	18@20
Meats—Beef "	10@18
Sides "	8@10
Mutton, per lb	12@18
Pork, fresh "	10@15
Chickens, per pair	1.75@2.00
Turkey per lb	25@30
Geese per lb	25@30
Quail, half doz	1.00
Grouse per brace	90
Ducks " "	1.00@1.25
Fish—Salmon (Spring), per lb	12@18
" (Smoked), "	5@10
Cod, per lb	8@12
" (Nfld.), per lb	12½
Halibut, per lb	12@15
Small fish	5@10
Sturgeon	8@10
Herring (Labrador), per doz	50
" (smoked) "	50
Fruits—Apples (any kind), per lb	4@6
Oranges (Navel), per doz	50@75
" (Riverside) "	25@40
Lemons, per doz	40@50

Dyspepsia's victims find prompt and permanent relief in Hood's Sarsaparilla, which tones the stomach and creates an appetite.

MOUNT BAKER HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

The first annual meeting of the Mount Baker Hotel Company, Limited, will be held at the office, 30 Broad street, on Friday, the 24th inst., at 2 p.m.

Report of trustees and election of officers.

WM. McGREGOR,
Secretary.
fe16-1w

BRANDY.

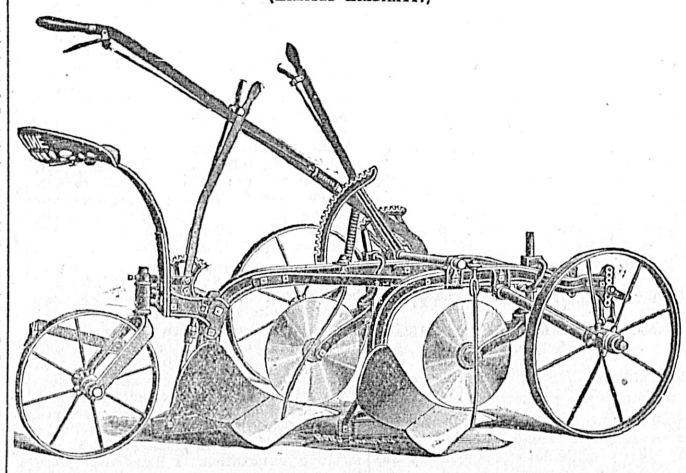
ROUYER, GUILLET & CIE.

COGNAC, FRANCE.

Proprietors of 122 Distilleries, and Largest Shippers of Bulk for Ten Years.
j 11-su-th

E. G. PRIOR & CO.

(LIMITED LIABILITY.)



Agricultural Implements of all Descriptions.
WAGONS, BUGGIES, IRON, GENERAL HARDWARE.
VICTORIA. - VANCOUVER. - KAMLOOPS.
mr1

Advertisements under the heads of Lost, Found, For Sale or To Let and Situations Wanted will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTS.

WANTED—A gardener's situation by an English gardener and florist; has had twenty-three years experience, has three good references, married, no children, will take day's work or contract in laying out grounds. Apply Geo. Mowat, care of Mrs. Anderson, 138 Blanchard avenue, this city. fe16-2t-th-th

WANTED—A young man to look after horses and be generally useful. Apply box 151, city. fe22-6t

WANTED—To buy 10 acres land, suitable for fruit and chickens, within 6 miles of city. W. Bridges, Salt Spring Island. fe19 d5-w1

WANTED—By 1st of March, two or three unfurnished rooms in good locality, with possible use of kitchen. Address S. M., COLONIST office. fe19-3t

WANTED—A situation as companion, mother's help or nurse. Address M., this office. fe19-6t

WANTED—Situation as gardener or general help. Willing to take care of horses and make himself generally useful. Wages no object. Address M. L. G., COLONIST office. fe18-1w

WANTED—Dogskin gauntlet for the left hand. Finder please leave at the COLONIST office. fe5

AGENTS WANTED—On salary or commission, to handle the new Patent Chemical Ink Erasing Pencil. The quickest and greatest selling novelty ever produced. Erases ink thoroughly in two seconds. No abrasion of paper. Works like magic. 200 to 500 per cent. profit. One agent's sales amounted to $620 in six days. Another $32 in two hours. Previous experience not necessary. For terms and full particulars, address The Munroe Eraser Mf'g Co., La Crosse, Wis.-x24 my24

TO LET. OR LEASE.

TO LET—Nicely furnished house in James Bay. Rent moderate. Apply 32 Government street. fe22-3t

TO LET—Rooms and breakfast at Mrs. E. A. Howard's, 60 Rae street. fe21-6t

TO LET—A few boarders can be accommodated in a comfortable home. 127 Menzies street. fe17-1m

TO LET—Neat, clean, furnished rooms, well lighted. By day, week or month, call and see them. Mrs. Dow, Cromwell House, 103½ Government street. no22-

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—First and second class silk pongees, $3 and $6 per piece of from 18 to 20 yards. Apply C. F. Moore, corner of Clark and Taunton streets, off Pembroke street, Spring Ridge, three minutes walk from tram terminus. ja20-1mo

FOR SALE—Two pure bred St. Bernard puppies; also good Pointers, Setters and Spaniels; dogs boarded and kennelled. Frank Turner, Mount Tolmie Kennels. ja24-1m

FOR SALE—In Comox district, a farm of 113 acres, well fenced and 80 acres under cultivation. Apply to James Clark, Comox. ja27-1m-w

FOR SALE OR TO LET—With immediate possession, two houses on Rae street. Parlor, dining room, four bedrooms, bath room upstairs and gas. Apply to J. W. Carter, opposite. oc27-tf

FOR SALE—

14 choice residential lots, between Battery Street and Dallas Road, closely adjacent to Beacon Hill Park.

Plan and price list at office of
JOHN J. AUSTIN,
my22 Government Street.

WANTED—

An Energetic Canvasser for Life Insurance Business.

Also a Rustler to Sell Building Society Stock.

Liberal Commission given to suitable parties.

APPLY TO
A. W. MORE & CO.,
70 Douglas Street.

AGENTS FOR
The Scottish Union & National (Fire) Ins. Co.
The British America (Fire) Assurance Co.
The Federal Life Assurance Co.
The Dominion Building & Loan Association.
The Matsqui Land Co., Ltd.
ap27

TO LET—Either separately or together, 1 store and 2 upper flats in the Lewis Block, 46 Yates street. Apply to LEWIS LEWIS or H.F. HEISTERMAN & CO. fe19-1m

NANAIMO LOTS FOR SALE.

Lots 1 and 10, Block 3. These lots face on Fry, Farquar and Irvine streets, have over 400 feet frontage, are close to the V. C. Co's No. 1 shaft and close adjoining the company's pay offices, where over $100,000 a month is paid out. There is not a 5c. beer saloon in Nanaimo, and here is the very best place to start one and make a fortune in no time. These lots are worth $5,000; I will sell them for $2 500 cash.

WM. BEAUMONT,
ja29 Cadboro Bay Road.

B B B

CURES BAD BLOOD

This complaint often arises from Dyspepsia as well as from Constipation, Hereditary Taint, etc. Good blood cannot be made by the Dyspeptic, and Bad Blood is a most prolific source of suffering, causing

BOILS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES,

Eruptions, Sores, Skin Diseases, Scrofula, etc. Burdock Blood Bitters really *cures* bad blood and drives out every vestige of impure matter from a common pimple to the worst scrofulous sore. H. M. Lockwood, of Lindsay, Ont., had 53 Boils in 8 months, but was entirely cured by 3 bottles of B.B.B., and is now strong and well. Write to him.

A FINE LINE
PRESSED BRICKS
Slightly off color,
Selling at a Great Reduction.
F. C. DAVIDGE & CO.
oc8

N. C. MAYO,
Mason, Contractor and Builder.
Jobbing promptly attended to. Concrete, cement work and sewer connections a specialty. Residence, 53 Vancouver street. References given. no30-3m

MISCELLANEOUS

VICTORIA
REPRESENTATIVE BUSINESS FIRMS
OF
JOBBERS AND MANUFACTURERS.

LANGLEY & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists
Established 1858.

HIGHEST MEDAL WAS AWARDED TO
FALCONER
For the Best White Wine and Malt Vinegars at Victoria Exposition, 1892.
Victoria, B.C., Factory and Offices:
Victoria Vinegar and Pickle Works,
J. H. FALCONER.....Proprietor.

SIMON LEISER...
IMPORTER AND
WHOLESALE GROCER

LENZ & LEISER
Wholesale Dry Goods.
LARGEST STOCK IN THE PROVINCE.

BOUCHERAT & CO
IMPORTERS OF
WINES AND
LIQUORS

H. R. FOOT & CO.,
BUILDERS OF
YACHTS, BOATS and CANOES
Warren's Wharf, James Bay.

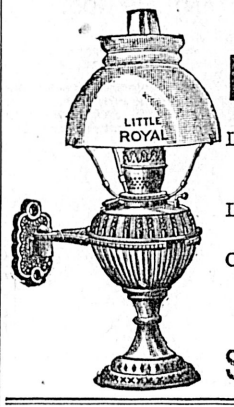
FINE BURGUNDY

A direct shipment of Poulet Pere et Fils. Very choice Burgundy. Just landed.

Beaune, Volnay, Pommard and Chambertin
In Pints and Quarts.
TURNER, BEETON & CO.
dec2

TRY
PORTLAND ROLLER FLOUR
WHITEST, SWEETEST AND BEST.
Manufactured by Portland Flouring Mills Company.
ja18

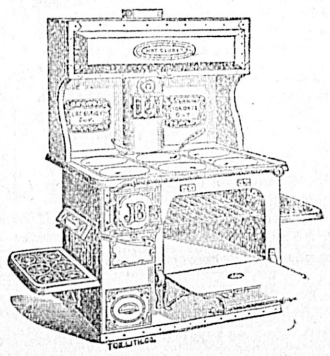
WEILER BROS.



COMPLETE
HOUSE FURNISHINGS
Large stock of Grey, Blue and White Enamelled Iron Ware (the best kitchen ware made).
Little Royal hand and Table Lamps, the neatest and most useful little lamps made.
Carpets, Curtains, Blankets, Comforters in great variety.
Your inspection invited.
Showrooms: 51 to 55 Fort St.

I. X. L. COMPOUND
To Fruit Growers and Gardeners
Now is the time to spray your trees and destroy Insect Pests and have healthy fruit trees next season, by using
I. X. L. COMPOUND
The Cheapest and Most Effective Insecticide and Fungicide yet produced.
FOR SALE BY
NICHOLLES & RENOUF,
Cor. Yates and Broad Sts., Victoria, B. C.
We shall be pleased to give full explanation as to its use. A full line of Spraying Outfits and Pruning Tools on hand.
TELEPHONE 82. my22 P. O. Box 86.

GEO. POWELL & CO.



"CHEAPSIDE,"
SOLE AGENTS FOR
Gurney's Celebrated
Stoves and Ranges
John Bull Steel Range a Specialty.
—ALSO—
Importers and Dealers in Crockery, Glassware, Lamps and Hardware.
CHEAPSIDE, - 127 GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA.

ARCHITECTS.

A. MAXWELL MUIR, ARCHITECT, 34½ Douglas Street. ap18

JOHN TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, CORNER of Broad Street and Trounce Avenue Established, 1862. f-1

MR. R. ROSKELL BAYNE, Mem. Ryl. Inst. British Architects, se28 50 Government Street.

S. MACLURE, ARCHITECT, ALSO DESIGNER of artistic furniture and interior decorations. Address room 23, Five Sisters' Block. no23-1m

BAKERS.

VICTORIA STEAM BAKERY. M. R. SMITH & Co, 57 Fort Street. Factory 91 Niagara Street. P.O. Box 289. Telephone call 121. f-1

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., COMMISSION Merchants, 131 Government Street. P.O. Box 318, Victoria. Agents Samuel Samuel & Co., Rice, Silk and Curios, London, Yokohama and Kobe; and The Tokio Leather Paper Mills, Japan; Chas. Cammell & Co., Ltd., Cyclops Steel and Iron Works, London, Sheffield, Worthington, etc.; Compania Gral. de Tabacos de Filipinas; The Canvas Mills of Kobe. f-1

DOCTORS.

REMOVAL.
DR. METHERELL
Has removed to 106 Yates street, telephone se18

DR. JOHN HALL, HOMŒOPATHIST, Has removed his Offices to the Five Sisters' Block, third floor, Nos. 51 and 53. Attendance from 2 till 5 p.m. fe11

DRESSMAKING.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING—Mrs. Marshall has removed to 91 View street, between Blanchard and Quadra, whereall who require dress and mantle making can have their garments made in the most fashionable style, and perfectly fitted. dec1-tf

DRESS and Mantle Making and all kinds of Needlework done at ladies' houses or at home. Mrs. W., Cromwell House, Government street. de30 1m

HAY, FLOUR AND FEED.

BRACKMAN & KER MILLING CO., LTD. Dealers in Hay, Oats, Flour, etc. Office and warehouse, 125 Government street. f-1

LAND SURVEYORS & CIVIL ENGINEERS

GORE, BURNET & CO. Rooms 1 to 3, Five Sisters' Block. T. S. Gore. H. Burnet. J. H. McGregor mc17

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, 41 PANDORA Street. Dealers in all kinds of photographic material, views of British Columbia and Alaska.
Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Finding Store, 41 Pandora St., Boots, Shoes, Leather and Shoe Findings. "K" boots a specialty. f-1

PAINTERS AND PAPER HANGERS.

R. LETTICE—DEALER IN PAINTS, OIL, varnish and window glass. Agent for Brilliant Sign Letter Co., and Aspenall's Enamel. 40 Fort street. mc17

WHOLESALE DEALERS.

HENRY SAUNDERS, IMPORTER AND Dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, &c. 39 and 41 Johnson street. P.O. drawer H. Telephone No. 29 f-1

SCAVENGERS.

ED. LINES, General Scavenger. 222 Yates street. Yards, etc., Cleaned. Orders left at Munro & Hughes', 32 Douglas street; J. P. Matthews', cor. Douglas and Fort; or W. Blair, cor. Menzies and Michigan, will be promptly attended to. de3

ROBERT HATCHER,
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Orders left at Joseph Gosnell's, 127 Douglas St.; Sam Clay's, 116 Johnson St.; Mickle & Grice's, 106 Fort St.; Wm. Thompson & Co's, corner Quadra and View Sts.; or T. Moody's, Amelia St., will be promptly attended to. Residence, 209 Douglas St. ap15

DON'T READ THIS,

UNLESS YOU WANT BOOTS, AND IF YOU WANT BOOTS, THE BEST VALUE FOR YOUR MONEY IN THE CITY, GO TO

A. B. ERSKINE

CORNER OF GOVERNMENT AND JOHNSON STREETS.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
Nos. 64 and 66 Store Street, Victoria.

MATERNITY Home (late Samaritan), 11 Rae street. Applications to be made at the Home or to Mrs. D. W. Higgins, Cadboro Bay road. fe17

THE GOVERNMENT POLICY.

Important Passages in the Budget Speech of the Dominion Finance Minister.

What Has Been Done in the Past and What It Is Proposed to Do.

In the course of his Budget speech Hon. G. E. Foster made the following interesting and important statements:

THE COAL OIL DUTIES.

Representations have been made to the Government with reference to oils. We have had a debate in the House on this industry. Hon. gentlemen on both sides of the House have taken diverse positions in regard to it. No fair or reasonable man on either side who has looked into the case can come to other conclusion than that it is a difficult question to decide. (Hear, hear.) Since 1868 it was particularly a pet industry of all governments so far as protection was concerned. It enjoyed the favor of governments in this regard before 1873, and it was kindly cared for by the government from 1874 to 1879.

Sir Richard Cartwright—"I beg your pardon."

Mr. Foster—From 1880 to the present time it has been equally favored largely on account of its being a local industry, and, therefore, appealing to the sentiment of the Canadian people. (Cheers.) So far, therefore, we are called on to conserve that industry and the people who individually have carried it on and to-day are carrying it on. On the other side there is the consumer, who does not look at an industry from this standpoint, but from his own. They ask that the oil should be reduced in price, and to accomplish this they ask that the protection should be removed to bring about these reductions. I am not going into a discussion on the subject, nor to enter into its merits, which ought to be fully well understood, but I am simply going to say what the Government intends doing. (Hear, hear.) There is a straight protection on oil, which is 7½c per imperial gallon, equivalent to the six cents per wine gallon before the 7½c was made. There is besides this condition imposed upon the trade in transit, which affords the protecting of that industry to a large extent, possibly to two or three cents per gallon, from the fact that transport is limited to certain vessels subject to inspection. It is now proposed by the Government that the transport shall be made free and that the straight duty shall remain for the present as it is. (Hear, hear.) In that way the abnormal and high protection will be withdrawn and the transport made free, while at the same time a large, I acknowledge a large protection, and I hope a sufficient protection, be left the industry in order to conserve it for the present at least. One other question has been pressed upon the Government,

THAT OF BINDER TWINE,

by the farming classes of the community. The question has been debated in the House. The protection upon it in the United States is, I think, about 7-10 cents per pound. In this country the protection upon it at present is 25 per cent. They have disadvantages in this country in several ways, more particularly in regard to their late harvests, and the fact that after the harvests in the United States are in the Americans find time to come into this country and get the benefit of our crops in disposing of their binder twine. It is not, therefore, the intention of the Government to take away the duty on binding twine entirely. The manufacture of this article is an industry in this country and gives employment to several hundreds of people. I have examined into it and as far as I can see it is not a foreign monopoly, however strong and however close may have been, or to what extent are the present relations between the two, but I am bound to say this, that everyone knows a monopoly exists on the other side of the line, and that this industry is carried on in Canada and gives employment to hundreds of people. What the Government proposes to do is, while granting a fairly reasonable relief to the farmers and to those who use it, I do not think at the same time we should take away a fairly reasonable protection from the manufacturers of binder twine. I, therefore, propose, when the House is in committee, to ask the consent of the House to reduce the duty on binding twine from 25 per cent. to 12½ per cent. (Ministerial cheers and counter cheers.)

MINING MACHINERY.

One other question I desire to refer to, that is the duty on mining machinery. Three years ago we gave three years' freedom to such classes of mining machinery as are not manufactured in Canada. That privilege expires in March this year. I propose to ask the House to extend that privilege for two years longer. (Cheers.) In the revision of next year we shall take this particular matter up, and it may be that it will be placed upon a different basis, but I hope not a more unfavorable basis. Now, as to

WHAT THE GOVERNMENT PROPOSES TO DO.

It proposes in the first place to keep the old landmarks in shape. There has been much talk of late about the old flag and the old policy. For the sake of various gentlemen I will give it a different name, and say that I believe it and the House also believes it, as well as the rest of the country, that we should not lose sight of the old landmarks of this country in 1878, and which have remained with us ever since. I am not now going to further state what has been done by that policy in its principle and its application, faulty though in some respects that application may have been, because it was administered by human beings, but I am going to say this—that this is the line by which we have marched on to our present prosperity, and that it is with the idea of keeping these landmarks in sight that we propose to make the next step in the interests of this country. (Loud cheers.) It is said by honorable gentlemen opposite that the United States will have free trade in a few months possibly. Suppose it were so (I do not believe it), and my honorable friend was to answer the question how the United States got to that position that they could throw their ports open and defy the competition of the world. (Hear, hear.) It came to that position not by a reasonable protection always, but oftentimes a protection which was more than reasonable, but which had to be put on to develop its immense iron resources, its immense resources of every kind, getting power, getting its market of seventy millions of people nearly, with its immense output that always gave advantage, reaching up to that point along the pathway of a strong protection. (Hear, hear.) The argument is not down to its conclusion when my hon. friend, if he were able to say it, says the United States is going to have free trade next year, therefore, Canada must have free trade as well. We have more to do and

FURTHER PROGRESS TO MAKE.

(Hear, hear,) We have yet further toiling along this same line upon which, from 1878 to the present time, we have come to the degree of prosperity we have reached. My hon. friend has some criticism for the Premier, who, in a speech at Toronto, spoke of the National policy as being wider than the tariff. It is wider than the tariff. (Cheers.) We have always contended that it was, and the tariff giving a reasonable protection was simply one part of the National policy, which was the policy adopted by this Government firmly, strongly and unitedly in 1878, but which the leaders had in view before 1878, but which was put into fuller operation in that year. What was that National policy for Canada? It was to amalgamate and weld together the different scattered parts of this country. (Cheers.) This was one branch. It had to open these to settlement and to furnish transport on easy and quick terms. That was another branch of the policy. It was to build up the young industries of this country in order that the development by this country of its resources might take place; in order that this country might become to a certain extent a manufacturing country, giving employment to its own people. This was also a component part of the National policy. This National policy, drawn upon all these lines, is what the Government of this country stood upon in 1878, and it is that which it stands upon to-day, although a part of what was to be done at that time has been very largely done, especially as to the amalgamation of our territories and opening up our mines and giving facilities for transportation. So, when we believed in 1878 that reasonable protection upon industries would fairly develop them, it was the only means we had of lifting the country out of the condition it was in in 1878 and previously, and we are not to forget that on account of that policy great strides have been made in the advance along the lines of which I have spoken. (Cheers.) So that the Government takes the people of the country into its confidence, and says that it does

NOT PROPOSE TO ABANDON THE PRINCIPLE

of a fair and reasonable protection to the industries of this country. (Hear, hear and cheers.) Now, as I said before, the Government takes its ground on the line that all classes should bear proportionately and equally the burden, and if, in the course of the investigation which is now taking place, and which will be continued for some further time, it is found that the burdens press unduly upon any class or sections of the country, it will be the bounden duty of this Government to remedy and to equalize these burdens. (Hear, hear, and cheers.) If, in the course of that investigation, which will be going on for some time yet before a thorough conclusion is reached, the Government finds that protection has been given to serve industries which give no prospect at all of ever becoming firmly rooted in this country, it will become a question with the Government whether or not it is not best to drop the protection and give simply the reasonably sufficient protection which is necessary in order to establish reasonable industries in this country, and which, after established, will give some assurance of permanence and of continued prosperity. These, then, are the present lines: To lighten the scale of taxation in so far as possible, and in doing that we must make up our minds to draw down, as far as we possibly can, in the lines of expenditure that are not actually necessary for the absolute services of the country or for improvements which it would not be the part of a wise and an economical government to set on foot and continue (hear, hear); to as far as possible

ADOPT A SCHEME OF PROTECTION

to legitimate industries and do what is reasonably necessary to establish and protect them; to use the raw material of the country and to 'free list,' in so far as it can be used, consistent with the requirements of the country, in order to bring about this lessened taxation and this lessened scale of protection which lessened and equalized in that way may be just as effective and more effective after the change has been made, than it was before. So with reference to the future policy of the Government. We propose that that should be plainly and frankly understood. We ask our friends in the House to give strength and point to it by assisting us in our investigation, in spreading the knowledge that everybody can bring his case to the Government and lay his plans before them and by their collective wisdom aid us in arriving at a conclusion which shall be the best for the country in its present circumstances, and the best for the country for the few years in the future that are to come. Certain things have been very strongly pressed upon us. Certain things have been urged with reference to an immediate remedy. Every person who undertakes the revision of a tariff, especially of a tariff framed on a protection principle, will very soon find out that whenever he attempts to touch one single branch of industry in order to relieve it, or help it, he immediately comes against the wires of other industries. (Opposition, hear, hear.) There is no doubt of it. We do not for a moment wish to blind or put that out of the consideration. It is true, and it is a truth which makes us desire to go slowly to make haste slowly and to thoroughly consider all industries before we venture to talk conclusions and to adopt a policy with reference to any of these industries. So that careful revision is necessary, and many points which have been fair in themselves have been shut out this year, and we will ask those people to await the conclusions of the succeeding summer, and in the general revision which is to take place to find their grievances, if they are just, remedied, and their complaints, if meritorious, met in as fair a way as the Government can. There are, however, two or three things of which I specially desire to speak, and which I do not desire to go over this session.

The Advertising

Of Hood's Sarsaparilla is always within the bounds of reason because it is true; it always appeals to the sober, common sense of thinking people because it is true; and it is always fully substantiated by endorsements which, in the financial world would be accepted without a moment's hesitation.

For a general family cathartic we confidently recommend **Hood's Pills.**

Do Not Miss

Reading this item, as Lange & Co. did not succeed in selling their business for the figure agreed to to their Eastern friend, nor in disposing of all of their stock this Christmas to the public. And as the building wherein they have conducted business for the last 17 years is to be destroyed shortly and a new one erected in place, under the circumstances Lange & Co. are obliged to re-open in their own place, No. 88 Douglas street, opposite Odd Fellows' hall. Reduced sales will continue until goods which are left are sold. Any one wishing to secure a good going business established since 30 years, can do so at a very reasonable figure. And the new premises can be rented at a moderate rate.

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2,500 acres, more or less 30 acres; 1,000 acres grazing, 3 houses, barns, Orchard of 350 trees, pigsties, poultry houses, 100 sheep (about), £1 2. 0, per acre, including everything; over 3-5 of purchase money can be left on the property for 4 years at 7 per cent per annum. 135-1

80 acres, Alberni, 2½ miles from the townsite. $20 per acre. 147-1

80 acres, Alberni, 2½ miles from the townsite. $15 per acre. 147-2

40 acres, Lake District. $10 per acre. 145-1

2 Building Lots, Rithet street, each $1000. 149-1

156 acres, Comox, convenient to steamer, post office, church, school, sawmill, Union Mines, etc., good hunting and fishing, 70 acres cleared and fenced, orchard, well, springs, $9000 with coal right. 150

3388 acres, Sheep Ranch, $2.25 per acre. 151-1

533 acres, sheep grazing land, Vesuvius Bay, 50 ewes, long sea frontage. $1,400. 158

107 acres, Ladner's Landing, all fenced and ditched; 70 acres timothy pasture; 7-room frame house, barns, water tank, 1 acre fruit, 3 horses, 7 pedigree Jersey cows, 1 bull, farming implements; a first-class farm. $10,700. 159-1

Lots 23 and 24, Block I, and Lots 5 and 8, Block H, being subdivision of Block VI, and a portion of Block VIII, Viewfield Farm, Esquimalt District. $2,000 or offer. 159-2

410 acres (more or less), Comox District; 100 acres ploughed and fenced, 3-room frame house, barn 50 x 30 and sheds, stable 30 x 22 and shed, 1½ acres orchard, springs and creek through property; reserve coal; valuable farm. $10,500. 162-3

90 acres, Boundary Bay District; 25 acres ploughed, 5 acres cleared, 5-room frame house, barn 32 x 60, chicken house, 1½ acres orchard, bearing trees, well and spring, $3,200. 161-2

132 acres, Alberni. $15 per acre. 161-4

25 acres, Cowichan District, Macpherson station; 7-room house, barn 24 x 24, chicken house 24 x 24, 1 acre close fence, boundaries fenced, ¾ mile from station. $2,500 or offer. 161-5

5-Room House, bath, chicken house and woodshed, Third street, $2,500. 162-2

Lots 1 and 2, Block 17, New Westminster District Lot 540, Vancouver City. A bargain. For the two lots, $250. 160

6-Room House and Lot, 44x120, more or less, on Pandora street, $4,500. 151-2

Corner lot on Tramway line, Victoria West, $1,200. 133-1

98 acres, 30 cropped, 25 chopped, log house, 2 barns, stable and outbuildings, half mile from school, near railway, $3,500. 128-4

House and 2 lots, Pembroke st., easy terms, $1,000. 110-1

7-room house, conservatory, out-houses, modern conveniences, etc., ½ acre of land; facing the sea; beautiful view of Straits and Olympians, $6,000—terms. 137-1

6-room house, bath, etc.; corner lot, Henry and Turner streets, $3,500. 136-4

320 acres, Alberni; 100 cleared; house, barn, ditching, etc. Cheap, $6,500, on terms. 144-3

97 acres, South Saanich; dwelling, barns, stable, out-houses, etc. $4,200. 142-3

40 acres, South Saanich. $1,400. 142-4

Building lot, 60 feet by 132 feet, Chatham street, near Blanchard. $1,650. 141-2

7-Room House and double lot; a bargain. $1,400. 139-1

237 acres, Somenos Lake. 138-5

120 acres Farming Land, Alberni, within 2 miles steamboat landing, about 6 acres cleared and fenced, log cabin, sheep pen and shed, water power from creek, first class fruit ranch, $1,200. 152-1

86 acres first class Farming Land, close to steamboat landing, main road to Nanaimo runs through the property. Good water power, $1,200. 153-1

320 acres Okanagan District, can be ploughed in an unbroken body, foundation of a fine house, large log house, 18x24, and other buildings, 1 mile from Larkin, S. & O., $15 an acre. A great bargain. 155

160 acres, Valdez Island, about 90 acres swamp grass land, easily drained; remainder open timber; creek runs through property; improvements recorded at $495; half mile from harbour. Price $600. 163

160 acres, Galiano Island, frame house, 14x24; 2 acres fenced; 5 acres slashed and burnt; half mile sea frontage; 2 miles from Point Comfort. Price $960. 164-4

2-storey house and lot, Cloverdale Estate; 6 rooms, bath and woodshed, etc. A bargain; price $2000. 164-3

162 acres, Lake District, on terms. $3240. 164-1

14-room house (new) and lot; hot and cold water; bathrooms, inside closets, electric bells, etc; central location. Price $3500. 164

TO LET.

1 Room, Government street, office, $7.50 per month.
4-Room House, 3 Edmonton street, $8 per month. 16
7-Room House, Oak Bay avenue, bath, etc., $15 per month. 17
5-Room House, 66 Pembroke street, $10 per month. 18
10-Room House, Garbally Road, hot and cold water, $25 per month. 21
6 Cottages, Spring Ridge, $10 and $12 per month.
5-Room House, 181 Pandora street (corner), $16 per month. 33
4-Room House, 295 Johnson street, $7 per month. 1
4-Room House, 226 Cook street, bath, etc., $10 per month. 4
5-Room House, Jackson street, $15 per month. 6
7-Room House, 38 Mason street, $10 per month. 9
7-Room House, 6 Humboldt street, $18 per month. 10
7-Room House, 8 Humboldt street, $18 per month. 11
7-Room House, 40 Mason street, $10 per month. 13
5-Room House, Jackson street. $14 per month. 2
4-Room House, Lime Bay. $10 per month. 3
6-Room House, 66 Second street. $19 per month. 5
Cottage, Fowl Bay. $20 per month. 12
Store and Dwelling, 122 Yates street. $35 per month. 14
5-Room House, 59 North Chatham street. $10 per month. 15
5-Room House, Jackson street, $14 per month. 22
6-Room House, 79 John street, $17 per month. 23
3-Room House, Quadra street, $8 per month. 24
6-Room House, 10 South Turner street, $30 per month. 26

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E. C. CARPENTER begs to inform intending purchasers that he will be in Kootenay after March 5th.
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NOTICE.
During my temporary absence in England, any communications may be left with, and my address obtained from Messrs. Lowenberg, Harris & Co., Government street.
J. GERHARD TIARKS, Architect.
no27-tf

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They prevent draughts.
They save fuel.
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Order early.
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JNO. TEAGUE,
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NOTICES.

[No. 185.]

A BY-LAW

Respecting the Assessment Roll.

Be it enacted by the Corporation of the City of Victoria, by the Council thereof, as follows:

1. It is hereby declared that a distinction for the purpose of assessment shall be made between land and improvements situate within the municipality limits of the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

2. Land situate within the said limits shall be estimated for the purpose of assessment at its actual cash value, as it would be appraised in payment of a just debt from a solvent debtor.

3. Improvements situate within the said limits shall be estimated for the purpose of assessment at fifty per cent of their actual cash value, as they would be appraised in payment of a just debt from a solvent debtor.

4. The Assessor shall begin to make the assessment on or before the fourth Friday in January, and complete the same on or before the second Tuesday in May, and the assessment shall be made on the said second Tuesday in May in each year.

5. The Assessment Roll shall be returned by the Assessor to the Clerk of the Municipality on or before the third Saturday in May in each year.

6. In the construction of this by-law the expressions "Land" and "Improvements" shall have respectively the meanings given to them in Section 2 of the Municipal Act, 1892.

7. The Land and Improvement Assessment By-Law, 1892, and any by-law or by-laws containing any provision or provisions which may be inconsistent with or repugnant to the provisions of this by-law, is and are hereby repealed in so far only as the same are so inconsistent or repugnant, so that full force and effect shall be given to the provisions of this by-law, but not otherwise.

8. This by-law may be cited as "The Assessment By-Law, 1893."

Passed the Municipal Council on the 23rd day of January, 1893.

Re-considered, adopted and finally passed the Council on the 25th day of January, 1893.

[L.S.] ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.
ja28

[No. 184.]

A BY-LAW

To Stop up a Portion of the Craigflower Road.

WHEREAS it is expedient that a portion of the road known as the Craigflower road should be stopped up and streets used in place thereof:

Be it therefore enacted by the Corporation of the City of Victoria by the Council thereof as follows:

Sec. 1. So much of the Craigflower road as runs through Block N, Victoria West, being a portion of section thirty-one, Esquimalt district, is hereby stopped up and closed to public traffic, and Catherine and Langford streets are substituted therefor.

Sec. 2. The date of the coming into effect of this by-law is hereby postponed until the Council adopt a resolution to bring it into effect and a notice thereof signed by the Clerk of the Municipality is published in the British Columbia Gazette.

Passed the Municipal Council on the 16th day of December, 1892.

Re-considered, adopted and finally passed by the Council on the 28th December, 1892.

Returned by the Mayor in an amended form under authority of section 22 of the Municipal Act, 1892, for reconsideration by the Council 23rd January, 1893.

Re-considered and passed in the amended form by the Council 23rd January, 1893.

(L.S.) ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.
ja28

Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S
CHLORODYNE.
THE ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE

Vice-Chancellor Sir W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the inventor of Chlorodyne, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was literally untrue, and he regretted to say that it had been sworn to.—*Times*, July 13, 1864.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE IS THE BEST AND MOST CERTAIN REMEDY IN COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, CONSUMPTION, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, &c.

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DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is a certain cure for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Colics, &c.

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SKIN DISEASES. They are useful in Scrofula, Scrobutic Complaints, Glandular Swellings, particularly those of the neck; they are very effectual in the cure of that form of skin disease which shows itsels in painful cracks in the skin of the hands and in all scaly diseases.
They may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.
Sold at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 11s. and 22s. each, by the Proprietors, Bridport, England. my20

GEO. A. SARGISON.
NOTARY PUBLIC,
Accountant & Agent,
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ap27

The Colonist.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1893.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY, BY THE COLONIST PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED LIABILITY

W. H. ELLIS, Manager. A. G. SARGISON, Secretary.

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Parts of a year at the same rate.
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COMMUNICATIONS.

All communications intended for publication or concerning matters of news or opinion should be addressed to THE EDITOR, accompanied invariably with the name of the writer. All other communications, in reference to subscriptions, advertisements, etc., matters of business, should be addressed to the BUSINESS MANAGER.

A CONSISTENT REPUBLICAN.

It is evidently the determination in the United States to annex the Hawaiian Islands whether the majority of their inhabitants are willing to be annexed or not. There are, however, republicans in the Great Republic who believe that if those islands are annexed the annexation should be based on republican principles, and that the business should be done in a republican way. Among these consistent republicans is the editor of the San Francisco Argonaut. Mr. Frank M. Pixley would like to see the Hawaiian Islands annexed to the United States, but as he believes that republican government is by the people as well as for the people he would like to hear what the Hawaiians have to say about annexation before the United States Government takes possession of the country. He says in the Argonaut of the 20th:

But it is not clear that the people of Hawaii are unanimous in their desire for annexation. The opinion of the fifty thousand natives on the question is not known. There have been no public meetings at which they have had their say. Nobody ever took the trouble to ask them whether they would like to be annexed or not. The people who want annexation appear to be the white foreigners, who number about three thousand all told; and several of these have turned up in this city with a more or less official character, and profess decided opposition to the scheme. * *

In all this Hawaiian business, one fact is plain—this great Republic cannot afford to do an unrepublican thing. If we take possession of a helpless country against its people's wishes, we strike a fatal blow at the roots of our republican system. Our government is based on the consent of the governed. We cannot make the Hawaiian people an integral part of the Republic without their consent.

But this is precisely what the President of the United States is asking the Senate to sanction. He has drawn up a treaty which makes the Hawaiian people part and parcel of the "great republic" without even pretending to consult the people who are to be transferred like so many head of horned cattle or so many bales of goods. He has assumed, in face of the clearest evidence to the contrary, that the Commissioners of the Provisional Government represent the inhabitants of the Hawaiian Islands, and has bargained with them not only for the territory but for the liberties of the people who inhabit it. For it is asserted that a very large proportion of the men who were the subjects of the ex-Queen and who have exercised the rights and privileges of free men, are not fit to become citizens of the United States. This the editor of the Argonaut himself maintains. Although he would not have the people annexed without their consent, he says that "Hawaii must not become a State. She is not fit even for the measure of autonomous government we accord to a territory. There must be some special form of government devised for her. The mass of semi-civilized Kanakas, Chinese and Japanese who make up the vast majority of her population are very poor material out of which to make American citizens."

Why not leave them alone, then? They do not want to be annexed, even if they were admitted to the full rights of citizenship, and they certainly would not consent to be admitted as an inferior class socially and politically—a kind of modern helots with whom the people of the United States, their masters, could do pretty much what they pleased. They are not, like the negroes of the South, already in the Union, who must be dealt with in some way. Those negroes are at any rate nominally citizens. The constitution of the United States has been amended purposely to raise them to that condition. Are not the Kanakas, man for man, as fit to be citizens as are the negroes of the Southern States. Mr. Pixley sees that it is unrepublican to annex fifty thousand inhabitants of Hawaii without their consent, even if on their being taken into the Union they became United States citizens; is it not greatly more "unrepublican" both to take them in against their will and at the same time to deprive them of their rights and privileges as free men?

A QUEER STATE OF THINGS.

One of the beauties of the United States form of Government is seen in the contests that have been going on in several State Legislatures for United States Senators. Senators are elected by the Legislatures and not directly by the people. The Representatives and Senators of the States of Wyoming, Washington, Montana and North Dakota have had bitter fights over these elections of Senators. Voting has been going on for weeks, and in only one of the four, North Dakota, has a Senator been elected. The contest in the Wyoming Legislature was kept up until the end of the session without any result being attained. So Wyoming will be represented in the Senate, at its next session, by only one Senator. In Washington and Montana the voting is going on. There has been a lamentable waste of time over these elections, and the contests have generated any amount of bad feeling. They have also given trading politicians the opportunity they require for plotting and scheming. When the candidate is rich the temptation to sell votes is sometimes too great to be resisted, and it is boldly asserted that several Senators have paid for their seats with hard cash. We have not heard that in any of the states we have named, money was to be had by Representatives who were base enough to sell their votes. The presumption is that there has been no money going, that none of the candidates is the fortunate possessor of a "bar'l." If there was money to be had, it is not likely that the contests would be so long and so bitter.

The actual or prospective failure to elect a Senator has raised an important question which is discussed quite warmly in the newspapers. It is this: If the Legislature fails to elect a Senator during the session, can the Governor of the state appoint a man to the position until the Legislature meets again, or until it elects a Senator. Some politicans maintain that the Governor has that power and some declare that he has not. If a Senator dies or resigns, or is incapacitated from performing his duties in such a way as to create a vacancy during the recess of the Legislature the Governor can appoint a Senator *ad interim*, but it is contended that the failure to elect does not create a vacancy. The question is a nice one, but we cannot help thinking that it is one that ought not to have arisen. If the machinery of the American Government was as perfect as it ought to be, such wobbling and blundering as this would be impossible.

THE BRITISH LABORER.

We hear a great deal about the pauper labor of Great Britain. If we were to believe all that a certain class of writers and speakers say about the workingmen and workingwomen of England, we would conclude that the great majority of them are always on the verge of starvation, and we would also believe that the wage-earners of to-day are infinitely worse off in almost every respect then the wage-earners of past generations. But those who have inquired into the condition of the laboring class have come to a very different conclusion.

Mr. Giffen, who is the leading statistician of Great Britain, in his evidence before the Labor Commission brought to light some facts which will surprise the growlers and grievance mongers on both sides of the Atlantic. He has found among other things that the tendency of the age is not, as many agitators confidently declare, to make the rich richer and the poor poorer. He says "that the relative wealth of the rich and poor has not varied during the past fifty years. Fifty years ago the aggregate income of the working classes was two-fifths of the entire income of the country. It remains at the same proportion to-day."

The total annual earnings of the working classes in Great Britain were, fifty years ago, £200,000,000, which gives to each adult male £40. The aggregate earnings of British work people are now about £630,000,000, which gives £80 to each adult male. These figures may not be mathematically accurate, but they are sufficiently exact to afford a fair ground for comparison between the two periods. The conclusion which they point to is that the British worker on the whole gets twice as much for his labor to-day, as he did fifty years ago. The purchasing power of money is now, taken altogether, greater than it was half a century ago. Although some few commodities may be dearer, yet owing to the great improvements in machinery and the means of transportation many of the necessaries of life are very much cheaper. The standard of comfort among mechanics in England is to-day much higher than ever it was before. They enjoy to-day many comforts and even luxuries which were fifty years ago out of their reach.

With regard to the wages of workingmen, Mr. Giffen found that in thirty-eight occupations the average yearly earnings were £64, or $320. The average wages of railway men are $300, of men engaged in the building trade, $350, and of farm laborers, $200. What will most surprise those who have been taught to look upon British laboring men as paupers is the fact that they every year save a very large sum of money. Mr. Giffen sets down the savings of the British working classes, exclusive of what they contribute to friendly societies and building societies, at $31,000,000 annually. This is an extraordinary showing, for the British workingman is not considered the most economical of mortals. He spends an immense sum in beer and spirits, and his tobacco bill is by no means a small one.

THE GOVERNMENT'S POSITION.

The following is the part of the Toronto Empire's article on the Budget Speech which defines the position of the Government with respect to tariff revision:

Briefly, then, the position of the Government is this: They realize that from various causes—the depression under free trade in England, the defeat of the high tariff party in the States, the low prices of cereals in the markets of the world—a certain amount of unrest, a tendency to question the success and expediency of every fiscal policy is abroad, and that Canadians are no more free from the tendency than the rest of mankind. A proposal to revise the entire tariff of Canada has been made, by some reasonable men, by some reckless men. To meet the honest doubts of honest persons, and to see what changes lapse of time renders necessary in the frame-work of the National Policy, Mr. Foster announces that what will practically be a committee of the Government, namely, Mr. Bowell, the Minister of Trade and Commerce, the Minister of Finance himself, Mr. Wallace, the Controller of Customs, and Mr. Wood, the Controller of Inland Revenue, will make a thorough and careful investigation into the whole tariff question during the parliamentary recess, and upon the evidence thus gathered a comprehensive scheme of tariff revision can be ready for next session. Meantime, to remedy what in some quarters have been declared to be specific grievances, a reduction of the protection accorded to coal oil and binder twine will be made in the interest of the consumer.

The great business interests of the country will certainly approve of this decision. To smash the tariff as a whole, or to hack at it recklessly without much regard to consequences, is essentially the project of a demagogue, and neither agriculture nor manufacturing would be served by any hasty, ill-considered measure such as has recently been proposed by the leaders and organs of the Opposition. It is not to be supposed for a moment that our fiscal system can be altered in a week or a month, and the resolution to consult every interest, to weigh every consequence, to consider where a duty may be decreased or where it may even be decreased, will be generally commended as a wise, conservative and statesmanlike decision. We imagine that in the proposed investigation every department of industry will be heard and consulted; that the farmer will find his suggestions as gladly received as those of the manufacturer or the merchant, and that no representative of any Canadian industry will be treated on the Cartwrightian plan of 1877 and told to go to the devil.

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Accountant and Agent,

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P. O. BOX 613, VICTORIA. ja1

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Acceding to the persistent demands of our many patrons, and recognizing the soundness of their argument, viz:—that in all but the large cities, it is almost impossible to get wraps properly made, we have made arrangements during the past few weeks, to supply to the trade of Canada, Melissa Rainproof Garments, for Ladies, Misses and Children, in all the novelties of the New York market. We have secured at great trouble and large expense one of the best designers and pattern cutters in New York city, who will preside over this special department of our business, and aided by his imported and trained staff of assistants, will, at once, without any costly or annoying experiments, be able to turn out **Tailor-Made Garments**, equal in finish, fit and design to any obtainable in New York, and superior to any of European manufacture.

Our entire output will be manufactured on the premises, under the personal supervision of our foreman. All our operators are men and are practical Cloak Makers. None of our work is given out to women, nor is outside labor of any kind employed, thus only can we secure one uniform finish.

In connection with our Ladies' Melissa Wrap Department, we are also inaugurating a Mantle Department, but owing to the late date at which we entertained this latter idea, we will for this season show only a comparatively small range, but sufficient to enable the discerning public to form an idea of what they may expect for next season.

One of the many advantages which merchants will secure by patronizing us, will be that *they can assort their sizes* from time to time, thus doing away with the necessity of having broken lines before the season is half over. They can also at all times, on short notice, get garments to fit outsized figures and figures of irregular proportions by filling in measuring forms which we will furnish on application.

Our travellers will shortly be upon the road with a large range of patterns of Melissa, in many new and common sense styles of Wraps, both for Spring sorting and for Fall delivery, and at the same time will offer for the inspection of the trade a representative exhibit from our Mantle Department.

Designs, Patterns and every other information furnished on application.

Special attention given to letter orders.

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MEETINGS.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R.—Regular Communication first Thursday each month at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets, at 7:30 p. m. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja28-tf C. DUBOIS MASON.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court Cariboo, No. 743, meets on the 2nd and 4th Wednesday of each month in St. George's Hall, cor. Government and Bastion sts. Visiting brethren welcome. R. Douglas, C. R., A. L. Campbell, R. S. oc15

L. O. L., NO. 1610—Meets first and third Fri. days in each month, in Sons of St. George Hall, cor. Government and Bastion Sts. Visiting brethren invited to attend.
ap12 JOHN WALLACE, Sec.

"SONS OF ERIN" MEET SECOND WEDnesday in each month at 8 p. m. in Pioneer Hall, Broad street. Richard Ackland, Honorary Secretary ja12

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THE ACME FOLDING BOAT CO.

Manufacturers of the celebrated Acme and Eureka Folding Boats; safe, light, handsome, compact; unequalled for fishing, shooting and cruising: weight, 35lbs. up. Prices from $25.00. Collapsible Canvas Decoys—two dozen carried in coat pockets. Send for catalogue 1892.

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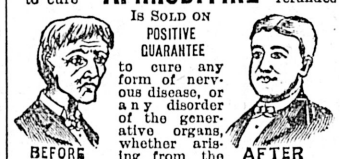

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Having disposed of the business (possession given on the 1st of March), the stock must be reduced so that purchaser can take it over at that time. To do so we will sell the whole stock at prices that will effect a clearance.

Parties owing us accounts will please call and settle.

T. HAUGHTON & CO.

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Assets ..... $ 3,500,000
Life Assurance in Force 24,000,000

New Business for 1892, - $8,566,000

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"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lot 67 Block H, Victoria West, in the City of Victoria.

A Certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above lot will be issued to Thomas Allsop, on the 17th day of March, 1893, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest therein or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT, Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, 12th December, 1892. dec13-3mo

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TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 28.

Testimonial :: Benefit

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By his Victoria friends.

GRAND MUSICALE, ASSISTED BY THE C BATTERY BAND

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VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

HEAD MASTER: REV. C. ENSOR-SHARP, M. A.

This School will re-open in the School Room, Church Hill, on

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At 9.30 a.m.

Communications can be addressed to Post Office Box 188, Victoria, B.C. de25

VICTORIA COLLEGE FOR GIRLS

BELCHER STREET, VICTORIA.

The College will re-open on January 16th. 1893.

For terms and all particulars apply to the Principal.
ap20 MISS KITTO.

Private Boarding & Day School for Girls

GLEN HOUSE, COR. VANCOUVER AND SCORESBY STS:

MISS INGLIS

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MONDAY, JAN. 16TH.

For terms, references, etc., apply at the School. au12

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Teacher of the Violin.

Late Professor of Music Laurel Hall and Oak Grove Colleges; Chase's Seminary and Ursuline Convent, near San Francisco.

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THE Rev. A. J. Greer, M. A., and Mrs. Greer have opened a Language, Mathematic and Elementary School at first house Oak Bay ave. Candidates prepared for all Civil Service Examinations; also for matriculation in English and Colonial Universities of Divinity, Medicine and Law. Elementary department—Children under 14, Music, Pencil and Crayon Drawing a specialty. Evening Classes for those backward with their studies. Terms on application. no6-1mo

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Pianoforte Tuner, from J. and J. Hopkinson, the well-known manufacturer of pianoforte, London, England; 12 years' experience. Particulars as to my ability may be had from the above firm. 3½ years with Goodwin & Co., Victoria.

Orders left at Hibben's Bookstore and Waitt's Music store. ja10

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VIOLINS, MANDOLINS AND GUITARS REPAIRED

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THE CITY.

"Our Beautiful Roads."

A letter under this caption signed "A Constant Driver" is held over for want of space.

No Quorum.

The Victoria Parliamentary Debating society failed to get a quorum last night, and adjourned for one week.

Service at the Cathedral.

There will be only one celebration of Holy Communion to-morrow (St. Matthias' Day) at 7:30 a.m. in Christ Church Cathedral.

Meeting Postponed.

The meeting of the creditors of the firm of Carter & Tolmie which was to have been held yesterday was postponed until to-day.

Columbia's New Bishop.

The consecration of Rev. W. W. Perrin as Bishop of Columbia has been postponed until the 25th March, the date originally announced for the ceremony in the COLONIST.

The Cash in Bank.

The money realized from the sale of the bonds of the Victoria & Sidney railway, chronicled a few days ago, has been received and placed on deposit in the Bank of Montreal.

Committee Meeting.

The committee on arrangements for the St. Patrick's Day concert to be given by the Sons of Erin, will meet next Monday evening. So far the progress has been very satisfactory, and an excellent programme is assured.

A Disagreeable Mistake.

A. D. Clark was summoned to appear at the Police court yesterday morning for an alleged breach of the Revenue by-law. He was accused of canvassing the town without a license in the interests of an outside firm. It was found, however, that his firm has an office in town, and the charge was consequently withdrawn.

A. O. U. W.

There will be a meeting of Sullivan lodge, No. 6, A.O.U.W., in Fernwood hall to-morrow evening, when business preparatory to the Grand lodge meeting will be disposed of. The Grand lodge meets in Chilliwack on March 13, and it is expected Grand Master Leiser will be back from California in time to attend the meeting.

Funeral of William Chandler Smith.

The remains of the late William Chandler Smith were interred in Ross Bay cemetery yesterday afternoon. The funeral took place from 164 Pandora avenue, at 1:30 o'clock, to St. Barnabas church, where Rev. G. W. Taylor conducted service. Those who acted as pall-bearers were Messrs. King, Casey, Douglas, Creighton, Creach and Stewart.

When Greek Meets—Whiskey.

The Greek who was up for drunkenness in the Police court on Tuesday morning was again in the dock yesterday. On Tuesday it was thought that the man was too drunk to plead, and he was accordingly put back. His apparent intoxication, however, appears to have been due to the fact that he could not speak a word of English. Having been in custody for 24 hours he was discharged by Magistrate Macrae.

Chinese Loans.

There was an interesting case in the Divisional court yesterday. Sue Chung sued Chang Hing to recover $465, the amount of a promissory note issued in China some fourteen years ago. There have been several transactions between the parties since that date, which the plaintiff admitted. A decree was given for $272. The defendant has been in jail in Vancouver since October last, plaintiff having sworn informations that he believed his debtor was about to leave for China so as to avoid payment.

A Positive Danger.

A country team very nearly came to grief on Store street yesterday forenoon. The horses took a start near Bastion street and travelled at a furious pace along Wharf street towards Johnson. Here they were stopped just in time to save them from tumbling into the deep ravine, over which a few old wooden shacks rested on poles up to a couple of months ago. The whole footpath opposite where those old shanties formerly stood has fallen in, as has also a good deal of the roadway. Half an hour afterwards a very temporary fence was put up, not sufficiently strong to resist a good breeze.

A Counterfeit Bill.

James McArthur is in custody on a charge of issuing a counterfeit $5 American bill. It was passed on the bar tender of the Cosmopolitan hotel, and the prisoner alleges that he got it from Patrick Crowley, (not he of Central Park fame). The case was called at Police court yesterday and adjourned until to-day, so as to give the police an opportunity of hunting up Mr. Crowley. The bill is an old one and so perforated as to show that the bank from which it was supposed to issue, had cancelled it as a counterfeit. McArthur is also charged with the larceny of a gold chain from the jewelry establishment of Mr. Redfern. The chain was subsequently sold to another jeweler for $5. Prisoner has been fully identified. The charges will be investigated to-day.

The Ways of the Transgressor, Etc.

G. R. Mackrenbrink was placed in the Police court dock yesterday, charged with assaulting a Chinaman. This is the man who is accused of breaking a bottle on the head of Ah Chum at the Victoria Brewery, inflicting serious injuries. When the case was called on Tuesday, the offender through his counsel asked for an adjournment until Thursday, which was granted. On Tuesday evening, however, he packed up his goods and chattels and was about to leave for the land of the Stars and Stripes, when he was quietly collared and a warrant for his arrest exhibited. The police had learned that an attempt to escape would have been made, and prepared for the emergency. Yesterday Mackrenbrink was bound over to appear and answer the charge to-morrow morning, but was admitted to bail in $200.

Unique Chicken Stealing.

A new wrinkle in stealing chickens which would fill "Bre'r Gardner's" heart with envy, was discovered last night by two COLONIST reporters. Returning home in the sma' hours, the attention of one was called to a commotion in a hen house near the corner of Blanchard and Johnson streets. At the same time a man standing on the corner whistled several times and then ran. Stopping to see the fun and hoping to catch the "other fellow," it was discovered that the roost was being raided by a dog. The death cry of several chickens wafted in the morning air testified to the skill of the canine thief, which still continued his foray after his companion had departed. The idea is certainly a novel one, the amount of danger being small to the owner of the dog and the possibilities of the haul only limited to the contents of the hen house. It is doubtful if the owner of the place would ever blame anyone except a stray dog for his loss.

The Winning Team.

The winning team in the tug-of-war, decided at the Market hall on Tuesday evening, was yesterday photographed at Savanah's studio. The firemen who pulled will also be photographed in the course of a couple of days.

The Chinese New Year.

There will be a grand and final display of fireworks and hospitality to-morrow evening at the establishment of Kwong On Lung, in Chinatown. This will be the wind-up of the new year celebrations among the Celestials. It is calculated that last year upwards of $10,000 was spent on the celebrations, and that this year one-third of that amount sufficed.

Billiard Tournament.

The billiard tournament was continued last night in the Victoria hotel, the play being watched with much interest. The results of the competitions were: Steinfeldt, 250; Manning, 237. Stafford, 250; Howard, 227. Patton, 250; Perry, 180. Two more games will be played to-night, and later on the winners so far will play off. In the first game last night both Steinfeldt and Manning made some fine breaks.

The Driard Billiard Contests.

The three-ball carom match between Ex-Mayor Grant and Mr. Campbell of the Driard, played last night, proved very interesting to the many spectators. It was won by Mr. Grant by 22 points, the score being 300 to 278. The match was refereed by Mr. J. H. A. Lynch in a very satisfactory manner. To-night, commencing at 8:30, Messrs. Gus Hartnagle and Walter Borns will contest in pyramid pool, best three out of five, the winner to play Mr. Harry Langelier, champion of Winnipeg, who is now a guest at the Driard.

Victoria Canoe Club.

The second general meeting of the Victoria Canoe club was held last night, when the constitution and by-laws were adopted; during the course of next week they will be printed and distributed to members. The officers and club flags are unique in their designs, the club flag being of red, white and blue, arranged diagonally with the letters V.C.C. in red. The club house, it is expected, will be ready on or before the 1st April and capable of holding 60 or 70 canoes; it will include all the necessary conveniences for a well equipped boat house. The election of members is by ballot, to be held every Saturday, and anyone desirous of joining the club will be furnished with full particulars upon application to the secretary at 18 Trounce avenue.

MARINE MOVEMENTS.

The stevedores discharging the bark Assel's cargo expect to have it all out by the beginning of next week. So far the bark has received no charter, but it is thought will load lumber at one of the Mainland mills.

The American tug Wallowa, of Astoria, arrived in port yesterday morning, having towed the ship Ivy, 1,881 tons, Capt. A. T. Lowell, into Royal roads from Portland. The Ivy is in ballast awaiting orders.

The Islander had another heavy cargo from the Mainland last night: One car wagons, one car nails, one car paper, one car machinery and four cars mixed merchandise.

Steamship Victoria sailed for China and Japan yesterday morning. The Tacoma, of the same line, is scheduled to leave Yokohama for this port on Sunday.

The sealing schooner Pioneer, which recently returned to port, having lost a man off the Cape, will return to the sealing grounds to-day.

Steamer Mascotte arrived in port yesterday with a cargo of Comox coal.

Tug Mystery brought down a scow load of coal from Nanaimo yesterday.

ENTERED.

Ship Ivy	from	Portland.
Str. Wallowa	"	Astoria.
" City of Kingston	"	Port Townsend.
" Victoria	"	Tacoma.
" Islander	"	Vancouver.
" Mascotte	"	Nanaimo.
" Mystery	"	Nanaimo.
Sloop Campion	"	Sooke.
" Frolic	"	Sooke.

CLEARED.

Str. City of Kingston	for	Port Townsend.
" Wallowa	"	Astoria.
" Islander	"	Vancouver.
" Victoria	"	Yokohama.

EUROPEAN NOTES.

The Queen on the Continent—Great Britain at Chicago—The French Royal Houses.

LONDON, Feb. 22.—The Queen will go from Florence to Venice for a few days on her return journey to England. It is probable that her residence in Venice will be at the Palazzo Rezronicon on the Grand Canal. The palace, an immense Renaissance building, has recently been altered and improved and the interior beautifully re-decorated and newly furnished. In this palace Robert Browning died. The Queen left Osborne on Friday morning after a stay of nine weeks and will not re-visit the Isle of Wight until the beginning of July. She has been in excellent health during her residence at Osborne.

Lady Butler's famous picture, "The Roll Call," which the Queen is going to send to the Chicago exposition, was purchased by her for 2,000 guineas, and has hung for many years in the main corrider at Osborne.

The death of Colonel Graves of the Royal Engineers, who was in charge of the British section at the World's Fair in Chicago, was a great loss to the British exhibitors and to the Royal Commissioners whose entire confidence he enjoyed. Sir Henry Trueman Wood sails for Chicago Wednesday and will himself take charge of the British section. Mr. Gladstone was anxious that Mr. Courtney should be reappointed chairman of the committee, but the member for Fiskeard informed the prime minister that he would not accept the post. Mr. Courtney wishes to take a leading part in the Home Rule debate, and will be one of the most severe and acute critics of the Government measure in the committee, where the real battle is to be fought.

The betrothal of Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria is the first real reproachment between the elder branch of the royal house of France and the younger or Orleans branch. The match heals a breach, historical, transcontinental and sentimental, and one that is in its century year, too. The Princess Marie Louise of Parma has a tragic family history. Her grandfather the Duke of Parma, was assassinated. Her great grandfather, Duke Berri, was assassinated, and his father, Charles, was dethroned and exiled.

Meiklejohn's Grammars at Hibbe & Co.'s.

Remnants and all odd lines. Come and see how low they are marked.

HENRY YOUNG & Co.

Meiklejohn's Grammars at Hibben & Co.'s.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

The City Sewerage System Again Under Discussion—Surface Drains Advocated.

A Public Morgue—Quarantine Regulations—How to Elect Licensing Commissioners.

When the Board of Aldermen met last night they found their seats in the old semi-circular style, and had some difficulty in locating their desks.

ALD. BAKER rose to a point of order. He asked by what authority the seats had been changed.

THE MAYOR—I don't know; I knew nothing of it.

ALD. BAKER—I must object to being shoved into a corner in this fashion.

THE MAYOR—It was decided by a vote of the Council that they should not be placed as they now are. Who did it I don't know, but we will have to put up with it to-night. I shall see that they are put back into the proper positions.

The minutes of the last meeting were taken as read, and the reading of committee reports was proceeded with.

The Finance committee recommended the payment of bills amounting to $4,887.46; also that they had paid $46.25. The report was adopted.

The Street committee recommended that the petitioners for improvements on View street be informed that the work will be done as soon as funds permit. Rev. M. C. Browne was informed that the sidewalk for which he asked can be provided under the provisions of the Local Improvement Act. The opening up of Gardner road was referred to the City Engineer for report.

The report of the committe was adopted.

A letter was read from the Union and Victoria gun clubs, stating that the Sportsmen's Association of the North West at their last annual meeting in Seattle had decided to hold their 1893 tournament in Victoria. The cost of the tournament, which would extend over four days, would be about $2,000. A donation of $300 was asked from the city to help defray expenses.

THE MAYOR spoke favorably of the project.

ALD. MCKILLICAN moved that the request be granted. So many visitors coming to the city would be a great advertisement.

ALD. HENDERSON seconded the motion.

ALD. BRAGG thought there were many other things very desirable as well as attracting visitors to the city. Many of the streets were in a most disgraceful condition. If this $300 were voted to the gun club, and strangers came here to get stuck in the mud, they would leave with very unfavorable impressions of Victoria.

ALD. MILLER—This tournament is not to be held until June, and in the ordinary course of things there is not much mud in June. If the expenditure of $300 helps to secure the circulation of $10,000 or $12,000, I think it would be $300 well spent.

The communication was referred to the Finance committee for report.

Messrs. Yates, Jay & Russell wrote on behalf of Mrs. Jensen, calling attention to a claim made by her in respect of her property on Superior street, which was alleged to have been injured to the extent of $2,500 by reason of defective drainage.

ALD. HENDERSON said that the place was very aptly called Lake Superior. The reason the water accumulated there was that there was no proper drainage. A surface drain ought to be constructed as in other portions of the city, and with this object in view he would favor the borrowing of a sufficient sum of money for the purpose.

A report from the City Engineer on the subject, handed in in December last, was read. It set forth that to keep the locality free from water, it being in a natural depression, it would be necessary to construct a drain. The work could be done for $2,000. If a brick sewer were to be constructed it would cost $4,300.

ALD. MUNN moved that the writers be informed that the matter would receive the attention of the city as soon as funds would permit.

This course was adopted.

A letter was read from the Attorney-General's department, calling attention to the claim of Dr. Watt for services rendered during the smallpox troubles.

ALD. MILLER moved that the letter be received, and the department informed that Dr. Watt had failed to supply the Council with an amended statement of account, as he had agreed.

There was some discussion as to whether or not the communication should be referred to the Board of Health.

Ald. Miller's motion prevailed.

ALD. MILLER, pursuant to notice of motion, moved that a committee be appointed to confer with the Government with the object of securing proper grounds for the erection aud maintenance of a morgue.

ALD. BELYEA did not see the necessity of going to the Government. He was not in favor of the Government supplying the land and the city the building. He thought it should be left more an open question—that the whole matter, land, building, maintenance, be discussed.

ALD. HENDERSON seconded the motion.

ALD. MILLER said his object was, if possible, to get the Government to supply the land and the city the building.

ALD. BAKER supported Ald. Belyea's views. The question should be left an open one and the committee get the best terms from the Government.

ALD. BELYEA moved as an amendment that the committee be appointed to confer with the Government relative to the establishment and maintenance of a public morgue for the use of the municipality and Provincial Government.

ALD. MILLER accepted the amendment, which was adopted.

ALD. BELYEA suggested that steps be taken to have the Municipal Act so amended as to give the corporation power to expropriate lands for municipal purposes. He understood there was some trouble about lands which were sought for sewerage purposes. He did not think even the powers of expropriation for highways were sufficient.

THE MAYOR said he would be happy to confer with Ald. Belyea on the subject.

On motion of Ald. McKillican it was decided to pay the civic officers at the same rate as last year for the current month.

ALD. HENDERSON moved that the Victoria Telephone Co. be called upon to immediately fill up the holes dug by them for their telephone poles or have the poles erected. He explained that these holes were six or eight feet in depth and filled with water. They were a source of great danger.

ALD. MCKILLICAN defended the action of the company. As soon as the weather permitted these poles, now lying on the streets, would be erected and the holes thus filled up.

ALD. MILLER asked Ald. Belyea in case of a person or a horse getting injured by those openings in the streets, who would be responsible—the Telephone Co. or the city?

ALD. BELYEA—That is purely a matter of dollars and cents. (Laughter.)

ALD. STYLES and Ald. Baker supported the motion. It was disgraceful to permit such a state of affairs.

ALD. BELYEA also complained of the action of the company in placing their posts in most undesirable positions on Cadboro Bay road and other places. If these holes were dangerous the company should be called upon to have them put in a safe condition at once. It was highly objectionable to have those poles lying on the streets and the holes open.

The motion carried.

ALD. MUNN, pursuant to notice of motion, moved "That in the opinion of the Council the Board of Licensing Commissioners should be made elective, the election to take place on the same date as that on which the election for Mayor, Aldermen and School Trustees is held." In support of his motion he argued that it would be more satisfactory to have the licensing commissioners elected by the people instead of appointed by the Council, as at present.

ALD. BRAGG supported the motion, which was seconded by Ald. Baker.

THE MAYOR said that such a system as that proposed did not work well where it it was in operation. It was found to divide voters into two sections—the temperance people and those interested in the liquor trade. It was a very difficult question to decide—one having a good many sides.

The motion carried.

The following report was read from the committee to whom was referred an Order-in-Council of the Dominion Government, dated 13th January, 1893, with reference to public health and quarantine regulations:

The following report was read from the committee to whom was referred an order-in-council of the Dominion Government, dated 13th January, 1893, with reference to public health and quarantine regulations:

That it is the duty of the Dominion authorities to provide against the introduction of contagious or infectious diseases from foreign ports into Canada:

That the only quarantine station in Canada upon the Pacific Coast is the one at Albert Head on Vancouver Island, which is totally unfitted and inadequate for the purpose. That in consequence of such inadequacy and of the insufficiency of the quarantine regulations, smallpox was in the past year introduced into Victoria by the Chinese landed in the Province from steam vessels arriving from Asiatic ports, thereby entailing an expenditure upon the City of nearly $60,000, causing loss of life and great loss of business and trade to the people of the City.

That the steamship Tacoma which recently arrived from China and Japan, brought from 90 to 100 Chinese and Japanese. That five cases of smallpox developed amongst them. That when landed in Victoria by leave of the quarantine officer, the City has been put to the expense and inconvenience of taking sixty of these people to their suspect station at Ross Bay, in order to disinfect both their persons and baggage before allowing them to mix with their people in the City.

That the Chinese passengers on the Flintshire, a still more recent arrival from Asia, have developed smallpox.

That the introduction of smallpox into the city has been due to the arrival of Chinese direct from Asia, from whose importation the Dominion Government collected and added to its revenue last year a sum in the neighborhood of $80,000, whilst the city, which derived no revenue from these people, had to bear the expense of suppressing that disease.

That if the primitive and unreliable condition of Dominion quarantine arrangements at Albert Head is allowed to continue an injury will be done to the city and province, which will not be easily repaired.

That in the interests of public safety and the present and future prosperty of the city, the Dominion Government be urged to hasten the completion and equipment of a modern quarantine station for this province, and one from which the Chinese cannot escape in order to avoid payment of the head tax.

That in the meantime the utmost precautions be taken on the arrival of foreign vessels to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious diseases, and that the city be reimbursed some portion of the extra expenses incurred by it in consequence of the inadequate quarantine arrangements of the Dominion.

Your committee are of opinion that the Dominion Government should reimburse the city to the amount of at least $25,000 for the expenditure which devolved upon the municipal authorities last year in suppressing a disease which would not have been introduced into the city had the Government of Canada fulfilled its obligation under the British North America Act and Terms of Union with reference to quarantine matters.

Your committee recommend that if this report be approved and adopted, a copy thereof be forwarded to the representatives of the city in the Parliament of Canada with the request that should they approve they may move the Dominion authorities to partially reimburse the city in the manner indicated, and to adopt efficient means to prevent a recurrence of the introduction of similar diseases into the province.

A report was read from Dr. Duncan, Medical Health Officer, as to the smallpox on board the steamship Flintshire, and pointing out that although the vessel had been quarantined for fourteen days at Albert Head a case of smallpox had broken out afterwards. After, indeed, she had gone down the Sound. This showed that present precautions were inadequate. He recommended that the Provincial and Dominion Governments be communicated with as to more stringent quarantine regulations.

The letter was received and ordered to be incorporated with the report of the special committee.

A number of the residents of the district protested against the View street drain being allowed to remain in its present highly unsanitary condition.

ALD. MCKILLICAN moved that the City Engineer be called upon to report on the subject. The residents of this district had been complaining of this drain for years past.

ALD. STYLES seconded the motion, which was supported by Ald. Belyea.

ALD. BAKER pointed out that it was the fault of the residents themselves, who did not connect with the sewer.

ALD. MILLER favored the submission of a by-law to the people to raise money to construct surface drains.

ALD. MUNN moved in amendment that the petition lie on the table until a general scheme be adopted for surface drainage.

ALD. HENDERSON also favored a general system of surface drainage.

THE MAYOR pointed out that the six months maintenance of sewers would expire in about thirty days, when the Council would be in as bad a position as ever, owing to the fact that the number of connections made did not afford a practical test.

The amendment carried and the Council adjourned at 11 p.m.

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Enameled iron ware, blue, grey and white, at Weiler Bros.

Fort Sheppard.

This townsite, which is one of the properties of the City of Kootenay Land & Improvement Company, Limited, is the terminus of the Spokane & Northern and Nelson & Fort Sheppard Railways.

The Company are fitting up their new offices in the Five Sisters Block, and expect to be ready for business early in March.

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If you have cold take Cubb's Cough Cure—save yourself from La Grippe. Sold in Victoria by the following respectable druggists Geo. Morison, Thomas Shotbolt, Dean & Cryderman.

Try Victoria Lager.

Sheffield pocket and sporting knives at Fox's, 78 Government street.

5 CENTS EACH

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AT ACTUAL COST FOR CASH.

Men's $22.00 Suits for $15.00.
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N. B.—No trouble to show goods. Do not hesitate to call and examine.

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THROW AWAY CRUTCHES

MARVELLOUS

Rheumatic Liniment and Mixture

Rapid and Effective Cure.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 17, 1893.

To Dean & Cryderman, druggists.

GENTLEMEN,—With much pleasure I add my testimony to your valuable Marvellous Rheumatic Cure. For three months I suffered terrible pain. Could not move only by the aid of two sticks. I have only taken two bottles of the medicine and two of the liniment, and I can now go without sticks, and hope after the third bottle to go to work.

Yours very thankfully,
S. NORMAN,
No. 48 Oswego street, corner Michigan street.

If you have Rheumatism, Lame Back or any Severe Ache or Pain, The Marvelous Rheumatic Liniment will Cure it quickly.

DEAN & CRYDERMAN

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Henry Saunders,

THE GROCER,

39 AND 41 JOHNSON STREET

Is offering a complete assortment of

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NOTE THESE SPECIAL LINES:

Finnan Haddies, Bloaters, Clams, Lobsters, Crabs, Anchovies, Shrimps, Caviar and Cod Fish Balls, and send for Circular of Receipts,

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WE WILL CONTINUE THIS SALE TILL END OF MONTH.

Remember we are not selling old, shopworn goods, but bright, clean, new goods, bought 35 per cent. less than regular prices, and we are selling accordingly.

Men's Silk Mixture Suits, Regular Price $22, for $15.

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CALL AND SEE US. WE WILL NOT COMPEL YOU TO BUY.

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TELEPHONE 563. NOS. 35 AND 37 JOHNSON STREET.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

Third Session of the Sixth Parliament.

SIXTEENTH DAY.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 22, 1893.

The Speaker took the chair at 2 o'clock. Prayers by Rev. Coverdale Watson.

PETITIONS.

The following petitions were read and received:

From H. O. Bell-Irving, opposing private bill to amend Vancouver City Corporate Act.

From the Kaslo and Slocan Railway Company, opposing private bill to incorporate the Kootenay Central Railway Company.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

MR. MARTIN, from the Private Bills committee, reported that the rules had been complied with in the following petitions; *Re* Chilliwack Railway Co., to incorporate the Kaslo-Slocan Tramway Co., to incorporate the Mount Tolmie Tramway Co. Also recommending that the time for reporting be extended three weeks.

The report was adopted.

ANGLICAN BISHOP INCORPORATION.

MR. BROWN introduced a bill to incorporate the Anglican Bishop of New Westminster; read a first time and referred to Private Bills committee.

PUBLIC LANDS REPORT.

HON. MR. VERNON presented the annual report of the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for 1892.

WHETHAM COLLEGE INCORPORATION.

MR. HORNE introduced a bill to incorporate Whetham College; read a first time and referred to Private Bills committee.

REVENUE RECEIPTS.

HON. MR. BEAVEN moved, seconded by Mr. Semlin, "That an order of the House be granted for a return showing the revenue collected at Ainsworth, Kootenay, under the different heads of receipt during the fiscal year 1891-92, and from 1st July to 31st December, 1892." Carried.

HON. MR. TURNER presented the return.

PUBLIC ROADS.

MR. KITCHEN introduced a bill for the preservation of the public roads; read a first time, second reading Thursday.

CONSTITUTION ACT.

MR. KITCHEN introduced a bill to amend the Constitution Amendment Act, 1890: read a first time, second reading Thursday.

COUNTY COURT BUSINESS.

MR. FORSTER moved, seconded by Mr. Keith, "That an address be presented to the Lieutenant-Governor, requesting him to cause to be laid before the House returns showing the business done in the different County Courts of the Province for the years 1889, 1890, 1891 and 1892; showing in each district, for each year respectively, the number of plaints issued, total amount claimed; number of garnishee summonses issued, total amount claimed; number of judgment summonses issued, total amount involved; number of chamber applications; number of Speedy Trials." Carried.

MR. MUIR'S CERTIFICATE.

DR. MILNE asked the hon. Provincial Secretary the following questions, to which the answers attached were given:

Q. Why was a teacher's certificate refused to John N. Muir in July, 1892? A. Because he failed to satisfy the requirements of Section 56 of the School Act.

Q. Why was a "renewal" refused to John N. Muir in July, 1892? A. Because he failed to satisfy the requirements of Section 56 of the School Act.

Q. Why was a temporary certificate to teach in the South Comox school refused to the school trustees, when asked for by them in favor of John N. Muir in August, 1892? A. Because the trustees failed to satisfy the requirements of Section 53 of the School Act.

PUBLIC SCHOOL ACT.

HON. COL. BAKER moved the second reading of a bill to amend the School Act, the scope of which, he said, had already been foreshadowed in the Speech from the Throne. The bill was to give enlarged powers to city school boards, and the principle which had actuated the Government in bringing forward this measure had been the very grave responsibility which attached to the position of city school trustees, and consequently the necessity which had arisen for the people to take especial pains in selecting those who were to fill such important positions. It must be evident, he thought, that there would be very great difficulty in getting the best citizens to stand for such a position if there were any restrictive regulations as to powers, etc. In view of these considerations it had been decided by the Government to give the trustees as much freedom of action as possible consistent with public service, and he thought that the present bill together with certain amendments, of which notice had been given, would meet all the requirements of the case. Under the Public School act as it was at present law, the Government paid to the four cities, of Vancouver, Victoria, New Westminster and Nanaimo, the amount of the Provincial revenue tax collected in those cities, and also paid one-half of the salaries of teachers. Under the new bill the Board of School Trustees were to have the fixing and payment of the salaries of the teachers. Now, if this power were to be given to the Board of School Trustees and the Government were still to continue to contribute one-half of the amount for salaries there would, for obvious reasons, very soon be a great deal of friction between the Education Department and the various school boards. It was proposed to meet this difficulty by paying to the city boards the sum of $10 per capita based on the average actual daily attendance of pupils in the various schools. It might be interesting to hon. members of the House to see what difference this would make in the amount of pecuniary aid given by the Government. The figures for 1891-1892 showed that the amount paid per capita to Nanaimo had been $9 27, to New Westminster $9.75, to Vancouver $9 24, and to Victoria $8 07, so that it was quite clear the cities would derive a considerable advantage by the proposed grant of $10 per head. But there was another advantage. Suppose, for instance, there was a school teacher who had in his room an average daily attendance of 30 pupils. If this attendance were increased to 40 it would be seen that there was at once an increase in the revenue of the Board of $100 per annum without any corresponding increase in the expenditure. As a matter of fact, it would be found that the Government was dealing most liberally with the cities, and he hoped this would result in increasing the efficiency of their schools. In regard to teachers, he had to say that he thought society in general did not recognize the great responsibility that attached to the duty of instructing the young. The position of a teacher should be looked upon as one of the most honorable and responsible positions a man or a woman could aspire to. (Hear, hear.) If hon. members would only think of it they would realize this, for to be a teacher required most extraordinary qualities so far as character was concerned, tact, temper and firmness, combined with very great adaptability, and these were qualities which were not found every day or in every person. This showed, he said, how very careful should be the selection of these whom he might call the architects who would have to determine the future character of British Columbia. It would be his endeavor, not now, but in the near future, to establish a normal school for teachers so that the Province might have an adequate supply of specially instructed teachers to meet the demand for the whole of British Columbia. Continuing he was about to discuss the amendments of which he had given notice when,

HON. MR. BEAVEN called him to order, insisting that he should confine his remarks to the bill and to it alone.

HON. COL. BAKER said that if the hon. leader of the Opposition had any particular reason for not having the amendments discussed, he would, of course, have to pass them over, but he thought the present was the most suitable time in which to explain them. He would, however, explain why it was that the amendments of which he had given notice were not incorporate in the main bill. The reason for that was that the boards of school trustees having been only recently appointed, he thought it would be advisable to consult them, and he first wished to give them time to consider and digest the proposed amendments. The annual school report which had already been presented to the House showed that education in the Province was in a most satisfactory state. There were 149 schools in operation, total number of pupils 10,773, an increase of 1,513. There had been 21 new schools established during the past year. The average attendance was 57.8—an average attendance which was not excelled in any other province in the Dominion. The total expenditure for the past year had been $173,378, of which $49,192 had been for new schools and repairs. He was glad to say that during the coming year it was estimated that it would not be necessary to exceed this amount by more than $6,000 or $7,000, although there was an ever-increasing number of pupils. He had been sorry to hear it grudgingly stated in some quarters that too much in proportion to the total revenue of the Province was being expended on education. He would point out to the House that the money being spent on education was filtering into every home, every trade and every business in this Province, and would come back increased a hundred-fold. (Hear, hear.) Grudge this money! Why, education was the very mainspring which operated the mechanism of the Province, and he hoped there might be no attempt made to reduce the amount, in what he might call a niggardly spirit. Continuing, he said he would have to asked the indulgence of the House while he alluded to a certain question which had received some attention in the public press—religious instruction in the public schools. As hon. members were aware, there had been some correspondence about this matter in the newspapers, and he wished to state—in fact it was due the Government, the House and himself that he should state that he alone was responsible for what had occurred, and he had acted as he did without consulting his colleagues. He wished to assume the whole responsibility, and would further say that he did not in the least regret what he had done. It might not perhaps be known to all hon. members of the House that in regard to religious instruction the schools of British Columbia occupied the unenviable notoriety of being the only ones in the Dominion where none was practised. This was a fact, and could be proved by the different reports of the various provinces. Section 52 of the British Columbia School Act provided that the Lord's Prayer *may* be used at the commencement or termination of the day's school work. *May* be used? The potential *may* instead of the imperative *shall*, as though it were some doubtful question—a question of doubtful morality! He had to confess that he for one would like to see this changed. The question of religious education in the public schools was now being discussed all over the civilized world, as hon. members would find if they chose to study the question. Secularism had been tried and had been found wanting. Commissions had been established to look into the question in New Zealand, Australia, France and England—yes, and even in that stronghold of secularism, the United States. The people of those countries were now awakening to the danger which was lying at their very doors, and a strong reaction was setting in in favor of some sort of religious instruction in the public schools. That being the case, he had felt himself fully justified in taking the action he had taken solely upon his own responsibility. One of the arguments raised against religious instruction was the unfortunate fact that there were a certain number of unbelievers, who were known in the world as atheists, men and women whose minds were cast in such an analytical mould that they had constituted Reason as their denominators, and had so magnified it at the expense of Faith that the resulting fraction, their perceptive faculty, was reduced to an infinitesimal quantity. It was difficult for believers to understand the possibility of such a conclusion; because they naturally argued that so soon as any human being became conscious that he was blessed with the gift of reason he must, by the very force of that reasoning power, become aware that he possessed an inventive faculty which enabled him to direct the forces of nature and to become a factor in creation; he realized that he was potent, and the very fact of his being potent necessitated that there must be some other who was Omnipotent, the Almighty God, the Father of all. The argument that was advanced was this: Because we lived in a free country, because there were a few atheists in the world and because they contribute to the revenue of the country a portion of which was spent in support of educational institutions, therefore these few had a right to demand that there should be no religious teaching in the schools because forsooth they did not believe in religion! But was not that also an argument which would come with tenfold force in the opposite direction? Could not the Christian say that living as he was in a Christian country, surrounded as he was by a great majority of his fellow subjects who were also Christians—had he not the right to demand since he paid his taxes in the same way, had he not a right to demand that his children should be taught some form of reverence for the Almighty? That argument, he thought, came with tenfold force on this side of the question, but unfortunate, strange, and preposterous as it might appear, the great objection to religious education did not come from the atheist, but from some of the members of the various religious denominations themselves. They said that unless their dogma could be taught they would consent to nothing at all. These were the men who most strenuously objected to religious instruction in the schools. On the other hand he might say that most of the letters he had received in answer to his inquiry, were in favor of some sort of religious instruction. The others said no. They said there were Sunday Schools to which the children could go and where they could get all the religious instruction they required. That was taking a selfish and narrow-minded view of the case, but it should be borne in mind that there were rural districts where they had no Sunday Schools. However, it was not his intention to press the subject upon the House at the present time by making any substantive motion, which course he believed would only counteract the object he had in view, which was harmony and not discord. All he could say was that he would cast the bread upon the waters in the hope that it would return before many days. He considered it his duty respectfully to ask the House, and through the House, the people of the Province to think on these things, because there was a great danger lurking at the doors of every home.

HON. MR. BEAVEN thought the bill was a step in the right direction but that the amount of the proposed per capita grant was not sufficient. He thought it should be considerably increased, his experience having shown that the City of Victoria was "out" about $25,000 on the carrying out of the old law. The municipalities acting under the General Municipal Act were limited in the amount of revenue they could collect and if more responsibilities were piled on the result would be that remedial legislation would have to be asked for. Dealing with the question of religion in the public schools, he argued that the letter was not sent out by the Minister of Education as a private individual but rather in his ministerial capacity and without consulting his colleagues. He (Mr. Beaven) would not have brought this matter up but for the contention set up by the hon. Minister of Education that he could divest himself of his position as a minister of the Crown. He would not now discuss the question of religion in the schools, his views being so well known, and moreover there was nothing about it in the Act.

MR. SEMLIN looked with favor upon the bill, which would give extended power to the school trustees. He had to say, however, with regard to the explanation of the hon. Minister of Education that the question of religion in the public schools was not by any means a new one. Twenty years ago, long before this Province had the honor of affording a home to the hon. Minister, the question was already discussed right in this very room, and it was decided in the interests of the public schools and to prevent the public money being frittered away on poor separate schools, that religion should not be taught at all. It was not in deference to atheism or deism, or anything else of the kind that religion was not allowed to be taught. The proper method of teaching children religion and a reverence for their Creator was to teach them at home.

HON. MR. TURNER objected to the diversion of the debate from the bill before the House to a personal matter as to a certain circular; but he still more objected to the theory set up by the hon. leader of the Opposition that a cabinet minister could have no personal opinions. He (Mr. Turner) had not known anything about the inquiry being sent out by the hon. Minister of Education, but even in face of that he would say that he agreed with the importance of the questions and he hoped it would be found that even yet various religious bodies would agree on some form of moral instruction which would be agreeable to all and consistent with their views. He read from various reports showing that there was a fear that the secularization of education was having a deteriorating effect upon the children. In Ontario, he understood that there was a certain amount of moral instruction provided for. Coming back to the bill, he thought it was in the right direction and he hoped it would meet the approval of the House.

MR. COTTON congratulated the Provincial Secretary on the scope and tenor of the bill and referred to previous efforts of the Independents to get such a bill as the present. While he took some credit to himself and his colleagues for the new bill, he did not wish to detract from the credit due the Government, for the results of the bill would be to place almost the entire control of the schools in the hands of the Boards of School Trustees. He thought the bill should be amended in committee so as to give the School Board absolute control, within certain limits, of course, of the revenue and expenditure of the schools. He wished to discuss the amendments of which notice had been given, but was called to order by

HON. COL. BAKER, who said that having been refused an opportunity of discussing and explaining these amendments himself, he did not think they should be debated at the present time.

Considerable discussion on the point of order followed, Mr. Speaker holding that the discussion must, in accordance with the rules, be confined to the bill before the House.

The second reading of the bill carried.

MASONIC TEMPLE ASSOCIATION.

HON. MR. BEAVEN introduced a private bill to incorporate the Masonic Temple Association of B. C.; read a first time and referred to Private Bills committee.

VICTORIA OFFICIAL MAP.

HON. MR. BEAVEN introduced a bill re Victoria Official Map; read a first time and referred to Private Bills committee.

MOUNT TOLMIE TRAMWAY.

MR. EBERTS introduced a bill to incorporate the Mount Tolmie Tramway Co.; read a first time and referred to Private Bills committee.

RULED OUT OF ORDER.

MR. SPEAKER announced that Mr. Kitchen's bill to amend the Constitution Act was out of order.

VANCOUVER Y. M. C. A.

MR. HORNE introduced a bill to incorporate the Vancouver Y. M. C. A.; read a first time and referred to Private Bills committee.

PUBLIC HEALTH BILL.

The House went into committee of the whole on the Public Health Act, Mr. Grant in the chair.

The first discussion arose on section 4, which provides for the appointment of a chairman of the Provincial Board of Health. The salary proposed to be paid was $2,500 a year, and a number of the members of the House thought that the chief health officer of the Province should be the chairman. An amendment by Mr. Booth to this effect was voted down by 14 to 12.

During the discussion much amusement was created by the hon. leader of the Opposition declaring that he believed a great many of the so-called smallpox cases here last summer were nothing more or less than chicken-pox and measles.

HON. MR. DAVIE drew attention to the fact that the hon. leader of the Opposition could not agree with anyone. He did not wonder at his not agreeing with the Government, but Mr. Beaven seemed at "outs" with everyone, including not only his own supporters, but the Royal Commission as well. (Laughter.)

The committee rose, reported progress, and asked leave to sit again.

B. I. AND F. V. RAILWAY.

MR. COTTON introduced a bill to amend the Burrard Inlet and Fraser Valley Railway incorporation act; read a first time and referred to the Railway committee.

VICTORIA OFFICIAL MAPS ACT.

MR. COTTON presented a petition of Amor DeCosmos against certain provisions of the Victoria Official Maps act.

The House adjourned at 5:40.

LEGISLATURE NOTES.

Night sessions begin next week.

The estimates will probably be down early next week, and the budget speech is expected a few days later.

A deputation from South Vancouver waited upon the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works yesterday morning. They were introduced by Messrs. Horne and Sword, and made a request that a certain Government reserve in their municipality be removed. The delegation consisted of Reeve Lawson, Coun. McLachlan, Gibson and Douglas. Hon. Mr. Vernon promised to consider their request.

The following gentlemen were guests of Hon. D. W. Higgins last evening at the first Speaker's dinner of the session, viz: Hon. Mr. Davie, Hon. Mr. Vernon, Hon. Mr. Pooley, Hon. Mr. Turner, Hon. Col. Baker, Messrs. Hall, Hunter, Brown, Booth, Semlin, Milne, M.P.P.'s, Messrs. Wm. Wilson, R. P. Rithet, Robert Ward, A. C. Flamerfelt, W. S. Gore, Dr. Powell and Capt. Power.

A meeting of the Private Bills committee was held yesterday morning to consider the bill to make certain amendments to the Vancouver City charter. Mr. A. St. G. Hamersley, city solicitor, appeared for the city, backed up by Mayor Cope, City Clerk McGuigan, Ald. McCraney, Anderson, C. S. Douglas and others. Mr. E. V. Bodwell appeared in support of the counter petition of H. O. Bell-Irving and others. The argument was continued until 1:30, when the committee adjourned for luncheon. The bill will be further considered at a meeting to be held to-day at the usual hour. The clause in the amending bill to which the great opposition arises is that legalizing the bonus to the Northern Pacific railway to build to Vancouver.

A deputation composed of Messrs. Sully, Sexsmith, Wm. Fairall, C. D. Rand and J. Cunningham waited upon the Hon. Minister of Finance yesterday morning to urge that the tax on mortgages be repealed. They were introduced by Mr. Cotton. Hon. Mr. Turner, in reply, said that the Government could not at present see its way clear to comply with the request, but would take the matter into consideration. The revenue last year from this source was about $48,000.

The schedule of costs of arbitration as attached to the arbitration bill is as follows: To each arbitrator or umpire for every meeting where the cause is not proceeded with, but an enlargement or postponement is made at the request of either party, in addition to all necessary travelling expenses, not less than $1.50, nor more than $5; to each arbitrator or umpire for every day's sitting, to consist of not less than six hours, in addition to all necessary travelling expenses, not less than $5, nor more than $25; to each arbitrator or umpire for every sitting not extending to six hours (fractional parts of hours being excluded), where the arbitration is actually proceeded with, in addition to all necessary travelling expenses, for each hour occupied in such proceedings, at the rate of not less than $1.50, nor more than $5; to every clerk, secretary, or reporter for each hour occupied in connection with the arbitration proceeding, in addition to all necessary travelling expenses, at the rate of not less than 50 cents, nor more than $1.50.

THE REAPER DEATH.

There is a reaper whose name is Death,
And with his sickle keen,
He reaps the bearded grain at a breath
And the flowers that grow between.

If a life insurance policy be a good thing to have, it logically follows that it is a good thing to have the best policy that is issued, and it behoves any one who wants insurance, and there are thousands who do, to see that he gets it.

Most companies issue a fairly liberal contract nowadays, for recent legislation has done much to sweep away all restrictions and irksome clauses, but the New Accumulation policy of the New York Life issued in June last year, is universally acknowledged to be the most liberal contract in the insurance market.

It is especially liberal in the event of the insured being unable to keep his policy in force, and thus provides against the bugbear "Lapse" which deters many an intending insurer from taking out a policy.

Again it is especially liberal as regards loans, for after a certain number of premiums have been paid, the company will lend money to the insured against the security of the policy alone and according to a table which is specified in the body of the policy.

The popularity of the New York Life's New Accumulation policy in Canada is best evidenced by the fact that during 1892 the company wrote in the Dominion $6,600,000.00 of new business as against about half that amount in 1891.

Sample policies and all further particulars at the offices of the company, Wilson Block, Yates street. A. H. Scaife, Manager for B. C.

The local agency staff, consists of Mr. John Earsman, Mr. Orledge H. Van Millingen, Mr. E. M. Sandilands, Mr. Augustus Van Millingen and Mr. E. B. Drummond. fe21-tf

GENTLEMEN,—Guaranteed Sheffield razor, and shaving materials at Fox's, 78 Government street.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—"Civil Service Gazette."

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in Packets, by Grocers, labelled thus:

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KOFF NO MORE

WATSONS' COUGH DROPS

WILL GIVE POSITIVE AND INSTANT RELIEF TO THOSE SUFFERING FROM COLDS, HOARSENESS, SORE THROAT, ETC., AND ARE INVALUABLE TO ORATORS AND VOCALISTS. R. & T. W. STAMPED ON EACH DROP. TRY THEM de24-tts

Chimney Sweeping and Carpet Beating

Grates set and defective flues fixed, etc. A work guaranteed. Address

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KASLO CITY

THE LEADING TOWN

OF WEST KOOTENAY, B. C.

The Growth of Kaslo during the Past Year has been one of Continued Advancement.

Everyone is now well acquainted with the wonderful strides which have been made by Kaslo City during the first year of its existence. One year ago there was scarcely a building or clearing on the Townsite. To-day there are many hundreds of Houses, Substantial Business Blocks, Sawmills, Wide and Well Graded Streets and Sidewalks, Roads and Trails to the Mines, and First-Class Transportation Facilities.

It Is the Busiest Town in Kootenay,

And it has the Brightest Future in store, for it is the Centre of the Richest Silver Mining Region of the Continent. A Railway is now under construction to the Famous Mines of the Slocan, and it is the only point in Kootenay from which ore is being shipped in quantity.

Read what that well-known and energetic mining man, J. F. Wardner, says of the Mines tributary to Kaslo.

PRODUCTION FOR THREE YEARS.

I estimate the following tonnage as the ability of the following Mines:

	Tons		Tons
Noble Five Group	50,000	Ruby Silver	25,000
Rico	50,000	Alice	25,000
Washington	50,000	Mountain Chief	25,000
Wonderful	50,000	Idaho	25,000
Freddie Lee	50,000	Alamo	25,000
Blue Bird	50,000	Great Western	25,000
Utica Consolidated	50,000	Jackson	25,000
Slocan Star	50,000	Wellington	25,000
Dardanelles Group	50,000	Cape Consolidated	10,000
Lucky Jim	25,000	Best	10,000
Reed & Robinson	25,000	Storemount	10,000
Big Bertha	25,000		
Slocan Boy	25,000	Total	780,000

Any discrepancies or short-comings in tonnage will be fully made up by the Great Undiscovered. This estimate is reasonable, when we consider that in order to produce 25,000 tons of this kind of ore in three years we only have to displace five cubic feet per day. Kaslo has no rival for this business. A railroad from the nearest point on the Canadian Pacific Railroad to the great group of producers would be sixty-one (61) miles long. A railroad from Kaslo to the great group of producers will be twenty-four (24) miles long, with a grade averaging less than 2 per cent. The construction of this railroad is assured.

J. F. WARDNER.

Those who invested in Kaslo a year ago in many cases have made a thousand per cent. on their investment. Those who invest now will do equally as well, for the forces are at work which will build it into a city of many thousands of people.

FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS APPLY TO

The Kaslo-Kootenay Land Co

ROBT. IRVING,

General Agent,

Williams' Building, Broad Street.

STEAMERS AND SHIPS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

Royal Mail Steamship Line.

THE IMPERIAL SHORT ROUTE TO

CHINA & JAPAN

TABLE OF SAILING:

(Subject to change and individual postponement.)

STEAMSHIPS.	Arrive Victoria About	Leave Victoria
Empress of China	Feb. 15, 1893	Mar. 6, 1893
Empress of India	Mar. 15, "	April 3, "
Empress of Japan	April 12, "	April 24, "
Empress of China	May 3, "	May 15, "
Empress of India	May 24, "	June 5, "
Empress of Japan	June 14, "	June 26, "
Empress of China	July 5, "	July 17, "
Empress of India	July 26, "	Aug. 7, "
Empress of Japan	Aug. 16, "	Aug. 28, "
Empress of China	Sept. 6, "	Sept. 18, "
Empress of India	Sept. 27, "	Oct. 16, "
Empress of Japan	Oct. 25, "	Nov. 13, "
Empress of China	Nov 22, "	Dec. 11, "

And about every month thereafter.

This New Steamship Route between the American Continent and Japan and China is 300 miles shorter than any other route, and as the contract for the carriage of the mails requires a fast speed, the time hitherto taken to reach the Orient has been materially lessened.

TICKETS to and from all points on American European and Asiatic Continents.

For full particulars apply to

ALLAN CAMERON, Agent, Corner Fort and Government streets.

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PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO.

DESPATCH A STEAMER EVERY SEVEN days for San Francisco, carrying Her Majesty's mails, from Outer Wharf at 11 a.m

UMATILLA, - - Feb. 25

R. P. RITHET & CO., mar26 Agents

ESQUIMALT AND NANAIMO RAILWAY

STEAMER JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after August 23rd, 1892,

The Steamer JOAN will sail as follows

CALLING AT WAY PORTS;

Leave Victoria, Tuesday, 5 a. m.
" Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesdays, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Valdez Island, Thursdays, 7 a.m. (Returning same day.)
Leave Comox for Nanaimo, Fridays, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturdays, 7 a.m.

For freight or state rooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria Station, Store street. fe4

STEAMER

Island Belle

LEAVES VICTORIA

Every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7 a.m.

—FOR—

Fairhaven, New Whatcom, Roche Harbor, Friday Harbor, Orcas East and Sound.

Leaves Whatcom and Fairhaven, via Orcas and San Juan Island,

Every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7 a.m.

TURNER, BEETON & CO., oct9-tf Agents, Victoria.

C. P. Navigation Co., Limited

Time Table No. 17, takes effect April 1, 1892.

Vancouver Route:

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock, a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday at 13 o'clock or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route:

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster Ladner's Land'g and Lulu Island—Sunday 23 clock, Wednesdays and Fridays at o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R train No. 1 going east Monday.)

For Plumper Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby Island—Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass—Thursda and Sat at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route:

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports on the FIRST and FIFTEENTH of each month When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands

Barclay Sound Route:

Steamer MAUDE leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager,

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent

Union Steamship Co., B.C., Ltd.

Head Office and Wharf, Vancouver, B.C.

Vancouver and Nanaimo—SS. Cutch leaves C.P R. wharf daily at 1 p.m., returning from Nanaimo at 7 a.m. Cargo at Company's wharf until noon.

Vancouver and Comox—SS. Comox leaves Company's wharf every Monday at 8 a.m. for Comox direct, returning on Tuesday.

Vancouver and Northern Logging Camps and Settlements—SS. Comox leaves Company's wharf every Wednesday at 11 a.m. for Gibson's Landing, Sechelt, Welcome Pass, Lund, Cortez and Read Island, returning the same route; and to Port Neville and way ports every alternate week.

Steamers and Scows always available for Excursion, Towing and Freighting Business. Ample storing accommodation on Company's wharf. Particulars on application to office.

WM. WEBSTER, Manager,

Telephone 94. feb14 P. O. Box 217.

BARRELS.

A number of empty Barrels, formerly containing varnish are for sale at "The Colonist" office. se11

TWO VIEWS.

Said the cynic to the poet:
"All your song is lying verse
When you take the world and show it
Always better—never worse!
Life is but a cloak of sorrows,
Folding down its somber side
Close upon the bright to-morrows
That the future has denied.
Fondest wishes, if we gain them,
Greet us with a smile and tear;
Dear desires, if we attain them,
Lose their luster as they near.
You who sing in happy measure
Aye of light and love and pleasure,
Better keep your fancies furled;
There is such a strain of sadness
Under all the seeming gladness
In the world!"

To the cynic said the poet:
"Sorrow can not be denied;
You who hate the world, and know it
Only on its darker side.
Life is but a garment: trouble
Is the stormy wind that blows
All the fabric backward double,
And the gleaming lining shows!
Though this life hath sorrow in it,
'Tis a garden gay with flowers;
They may wear a rose who win it,
In this fair bright world of ours.
If a joy come to thee—share it;
Take thy cloak, and nobly wear it;
Keep thy bitter fancies furled.
There is such a wealth of gladness
Over all the seeming sadness
In the world."

—Florence May Alt, in Jury.

ONE NIGHT IN NO. 37.

A Story of Ghosts and Rats at Bracing Hall.

"Positively not a room, my dear madam; no, not so much as a closet vacant," and Dr. Morris smiled blandly, and "washed his hand with invisible soap in imperceptible water."

That Bracing Hall was a popular sanitarium I was well aware, but I was not prepared for this; what was I to do, where should I go at that late hour? I, a maiden lady, an entire stranger in the Catskills? I consider that for any man to smile under those circumstances, even in a perfunctory and purely professional way, was nothing less than brutal.

"There is No. 37," said an attendant satellite, in exactly the tone in which he might have suggested the North Pole or the equinoctial line, or any other remote and unsubstantial impossibility.

"Yes," repeated the doctor, musingly, as if a novel and pleasing problem had been unexpectedly submitted for his consideration. "Yes, there is No. 37."

"Perhaps the lady might not object," continued the attendant.

"Object," said the doctor, suddenly waking up. "Good gracious, Jones, why should this lady object; why should *any one* object to No. 37?"

The subordinate was about to speak, but the doctor stopped him by a wave of his hand. "Let No. 37 be prepared for this lady," he said, giving to his words all the force of royal mandate.

"I wish to know, Jane," I observed to the housemaid who conducted me to No. 37 half an hour later—

"Please, ma'am," said that young person, interrupting, "my name isn't Jane, it's Sabina."

"Then I am not going to follow the example of your parents and sponsors, who were clearly foolish persons, Jane. I repeat I wish to know what is the matter with this room?"

"Oh, don't ask me, ma'am. I don't wish to frighten you—but—I wouldn't sleep in it—no—not for a hundred thousand million dollars."

"Then you are a very foolish young woman; is it damp?"

"Oh, no, madam; the whole house is dry as a bone."

"It is the—the—ahem—the Cimix Cectularius?"

"Well, it is pretty bad, but I don't think it's quite as bad as that," returned Jaue, slowly, with an air of bewilderment.

It was painful to a lady of my excessive refinement, exceedingly painful, but the occasion was urgent, and it was evident that I must sink to a common level of expression if I wished to be understood.

"It is small, Jane—it is brown—it is alive—very much alive—it—it—bites?"

"Oh, no, ma'am," answered Jane, glowing with sudden enlightenment, "we don't never have none of them nasty things in our beds."

"Then *what is it?*"

"Well, if you must know," replied Jane, with the air of one struggling vainly with the inevitable, "though it is worth as much as my place is worth to tell you—it's ghosts!"

Ghosts—baugh! Really the ignorance of the lower classes is colossal; clearly our public school system is far from perfect, but what could be expected from a girl called Sabina? I have always thought there was a great deal in a name, and I don't in the least care what that playwriting person may have said to the contrary. There is something in a name which insensibly molds the character; mine is Sarah Margaret.

"Ghosts, Jane, ghosts, when it has been clearly demonstrated by the Society for Psychical Research that there are no such things as ghosts."

"It was the gambler, ma'am, what lived here before it was made into a sanitarium," Jane went on, with irrepressible volubility; "they was playing poker, an' he was killed, an' every night—every night—his ghost—"

"Jane, enough of this folly—go, my good girl, and to-morrow I will loan you a work on the Illogicalness of Superstition."

Being a lady of enlightened understanding and cultivated, indeed, I may say advanced thought, I at once dismissed the foolish story from my mind, and congratulated myself on having secured a comfortable room.

Bracing Hall was built on the highest range of the Catskill mountains and was famous for the view it commanded of the loveliest section of Rip Van Winkle land; night now vailed the beauty of the far-stretching mountain-bounded interplane, but gradually its fairness became apparent, as the shadows below died under the light of early moonrise.

Objects dim and shapeless took form and beauty. Every house and hamlet, winding road and mountain streamlet were won as if from chaos into life, while far away the winding Hudson gleamed like a string of silver under the moonlight. Lights in happy homes twinkled like fire-flies through the gloom of dense woods, giving just that touch of life needed to break the solemnity of forest and mountain.

The moon was up, nature awoke, a breeze swept by bearing the music of a tumbling brook, the melody of murmuring pines, the love notes of a belated bird singing to his mate.

How long I had slept I can not tell, when suddenly I was wide-awake with the room brilliantly lit and presenting an appearance totally different to what it had done when I retired. On a sideboard were half-emptied bottles and decanters, and at a table four men were seated deeply engrossed over a game at cards. Great as was my astonishment to find my apartment thus invaded, I seemed to lose all personal considerations in watching the feverish anxiety of the players, and in wondering what would happen next.

Suddenly their voices were raised in anger, one of the players accused another of cheating, and in a moment there was a general uproar. The two men were struggling desperately together, glasses were upset, chairs were overturned and then I caught the glitter of a knife and the gleam of a pistol. The two spectators made no attempt to separate the combatants, although it was evident that a tragedy was imminent. The taller of the two freed his hand from the other's grasp, the long murderous looking knife was uplifted, but as it descended the other raised his pistol and fired; there was the dull thud of a heavy body falling and then, overcome with horror, I lost consciousness.

How I attracted their attention I do not know, but suddenly I became aware that the remaining three were standing over me calmly discussing my proposed death; my blood seemed to freeze in my veins and into those terrible moments was compressed the agony of years of torture.

"She is sound asleep," said one, "an' anyhow I never did take kindly to killin' women."

"She has seen the deed done," said the second significantly.

"That dead men tell no tales is just as true and truer of women," said the third, "so I had better make it safe," laying as he spoke a murderous hand on my throat.

With a desperate effort I broke through the spell of horror that had held me; I struck out wildly and encountered a soft resisting body, the lights were extinguished as I opened my eyes, and nothing remained but the sound as of some one hurriedly retreating.

I never knew till that moment what a vast amount of stored shrieking force a small woman possesses; mine was sufficient in an incredibly short time to bring to my room the doctor, the satellite, Jane Sabina and half a dozen guests, none of whom were remarkable for the careful finish of their dress.

With a graphic power that has entirely deserted me, or I should make my fortune as a story writer, I related what had occurred.

"It does not matter whether I was asleep or awake in regard to what I *saw*, although of course I was awake; but I know I heard something hurry away, and I know that I felt something when I struck," I said in conclusion, pausing only through sheer physical inability to utter another word.

Sabina Jane incoherently remarked something to the effect that it was "just what she'd expected of them nasty ghostesses" and then in company with the majority of my visitors disappeared. The doctor looked puzzled and remained silent, the satellite however spoke; he was never a voluble person, but on this occasion he confined himself to one word.

"Rats!"

"Do you really think it—they—was rats?" I gasped, growing ungrammatical in my confusion.

Had I not felt well assured that the doctor was deeply impressed by my ghostly visitation I should have said that he smiled, but that of course was impossible at such a moment. Some people I have noticed are afflicted with muscular twitching and when I glanced at him again he was as solemn as a sphinx; even the satellite put his hand before his mouth and coughed in a modest, self-deprecatory way, as if his feelings were too much for him.

"I will bring Mrs. Morris to remain with you until you dress," said the doctor, "and then you had better take a sedative and share her room; to-morrow I will have a thorough investigation made and if I find that any one is trying to perpetuate a stupid story by playing a still more stupid practical joke, I'll—"

At this point the doctor's voice sank and although his remarks appeared to gain additional energy, I am under the impression they were not intended for my ears or for publication.

The result of the investigation showed that my nocturnal visitors were rats, a small colony of which had evidently enjoyed undisputed possession of a spring mattress for a considerable period. And so the ghost of Bracing Hall was laid, but the oddest part was the satellite's guessing it; for such a man it was quite remarkable, and showed great natural perspicacity; the moment he heard my story, when every one else was quite at sea, he looked at the doctor and said: "Rats."—Mary Hasbrouck, in Drake's Magazine.

Weight of the Earth.

As a matter of fact, the earth has no weight. Weight is the pull of gravity toward a center and when speaking of the weight of the earth we must consider the pull of gravity towards the sun, and in that respect the earth is equally poised. All parts of the earth pressing toward the earth's center equalize each other, so that a tow line would pull the earth thousands of miles out of its orbit. Rather than penetrate an atmosphere of another body so thin that no animal life could exist in it, our earth would make a great circuit to get around it. The almost imperceptible attraction of one of the other planets pulls our earth thousands of miles out of its regular path.—St. Joseph Herald.

TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for William's Head Wharf," will be received until Wednesday, the 22nd day of March next, inclusively, for the construction of a wharf for quarantine purposes, at William's Head, British Columbia, in accordance with plans and a specification to be seen at the office of the Resident Engineer, Victoria, B.C., and at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the form supplied and signed with the actual signatures of tenderers.

An accepted bank cheque, payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, equal to *five per cent. of the amount of tender*, must accompany each tender. The cheque will be forfeited if the party decline the contract, or fail to complete the work contracted for, and will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order.

E. F. E. ROY, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 7th February, 1893. fe22-3t

LADIES!

If you desire a transparent CLEAR, FRESH complexion FREE from blotch, blemish roughness, coarseness or pimples, use

Old Dr. Gordon's

PEARLS OF HEALTH.

They cure all **Suppressions** and **Irregularities**, and Make Women Regular.

They create **New Rich Red Blood**, which invigorates the cheeks.

Wasting Discharges Cease. The Breath becomes Sweet and Healthful. **Nervous Prostration Vanishes.** Eyes Bright and Strong. Spirits Buoyant. The Skin Clear, and the former **Nervous Prostrated Woman becomes A New Being.**

Must not be taken during first four months of pregnancy.

Price $1. Six packages $5. Sent by mail securely sealed, upon receipt of price. Write for circular. Address

QUEEN MEDICINE CO'Y, MONTREAL.

Address D. E. CAMPBELL, Family Chemist, P. O. Box 260. Sole Agent, Victoria B.C. se6-d&w

HAVANA CIGARS

DECEMBER IMPORTATIONS.

Henry Clay, "Sensitivas."
Henry Clay, "High Life."
Figaro, "Damas."
Ecuador "Conchas Especial."
Ecuador "Operas."
Oscar Y. Amanda "Petit Bouquets."

HUDSON'S BAY CO.

Direct Importers,
VICTORIA. ap24

NOTICE.

The British Columbia Southern Railway Company.

Notice is hereby given that a general meeting of the subscribers of the stock of the said Company will be held at the Company's Office, 45 Fort Street, Victoria, B.C., on Friday, the 24th day of March next., at 11 a.m., for the purpose of electing Directiors of the Company.

By order of the Provisional Directors.

F. B. PEMBERTON, Secretary.

Dated Victoria, 18th Feb., 1893. fe21-1m

Administrator's Notice.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

In the matter of the Estate of Alexander Loubert, deceased, and in the matter of the "Official Administrators' Act."

Notice is hereby given that by an order of the Honorable the Chief Justice, bearing date the 14th day of February, 1893, I was appointed administrator of all and singular the personal estate, chattels and credits of Alexander Loubert, late of the City of Victoria, B. C., deceased intestate.

Persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased are requested to send me particulars thereof on or before the 14th day of March A. D., 1893, and all persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to pay such indebtedness to me forthwith.

W. MONTEITH, Official Administrator.

fe17-6t

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that on and after Thursday next, the 24th inst., the scow for the removal of city garbage, and night soil will be at the wharf at the foot of Telegraph street (connecting with Store street between Fisguard and Herald streets), between the hours of 7 a. m. and 7 p. m., for the reception of garbage, refuse, and rubbish; between the hours of 12 midnight and 4 a. m., for the reception of filth, night soil, etc. By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, November 22, 1892. no23

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at its next sitting for a transfer of my license to sell wines and liquors by retail at the Teutonia Saloon, 112 Government street Victoria, B. C., to Diedrich Stegmann, of this city.

Dated this 19th day of January, 1893.

fe2 G. J. McCRALEY.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that we will apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, to be held in March next, for a transfer of the license of the "Adelphi Saloon," situated in the Adelphi building, southwest corner of Government and Yates streets, now held by us, to William Croft, of the City of Victoria. MURPHY & BROWN.

Victoria, B.C., Jan. 23, 1893. ja24-1m

$50 FOR A CHICKEN.

To create an interest in the breeding of high class poultry, I will award a special prize of $50.00 cash to the person raising the heaviest Plymouth Rock chicken hatched from eggs purchased of me.

Plymouth Rocks are unquestionably the best breed of fowls known for the Canadian farmer. Send for descriptive Circular of this valuable breed of fowls.

Eggs for hatching, guaranteed fresh and true to name, carefully packed in baskets and delivered to Express Company, $2.00 per sitting of 13. Address T. A. WILLETS,

Breeder of Plymouth Rock Fowls
ap23 Weston, Ont.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

For sale and mailed by LANGLEY & Co., Victoria, B.C. fly17-d&w-s

—COAL—

The New Vancouver Coal Mining and Land Co., Ltd.

FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL. (Used principally for Gas and Domestic purposes.)

THE SOUTH FIELD COAL. (Steam Fuel.)

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL.

(House and Steam Coal.) Are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage o Gas, a high Illuminating power, unequalled by any other Bituminous Gas Coals in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite fuel for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal, makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS, Superintendent.

Ex "CHILI" from London. Just Landed.

VERY FINE CLARET, (In Case and Bulk.)

CHOICE BURGUNDY,

CAMUSET CHAMPAGNE (The Finest Dry Wine in the Province.)

CHAMPAGNE VINEYARD CO. BRANDY 1867 AND 1831.

Brown's Celebrated 4 Crown Scotch Whiskey, Guinness' Stout, bottled by Foster. Bass' Ale, bottled by Foster.

White's Portland Cement, Fire Brick, Blacksmith's Coal, Coke, Pig Iron, Etc., Etc., Etc.

TURNER, BEETON & CO.

dec1

The Giant Powder Company Consolidated

(FOREIGN)

Registered the 16th day of February, 1893.

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION

THIS IS TO CERTIFY that I have this day registered "The Giant Powder Company Consolidated," (Foreign) under the "Companies Act, Part IV., Registration of Foreign Companies" and the "Companies Act Amendment Act, 1889."

The objects for which the Company is established are: To manufacture, purchase, use and deal in dynamite and any or all other explosives, and also caps and fuse and all other articles and things necessary, useful or convenien to such manufacture and use; also to purchase, hold, sell, use, lease and hire lands and premises, and to erect, purchase, maintain, use, sell, lease and hire factories, buildings, apparatus and plant for the storage, use and sale of the products or other property of the Company, and generally to do and perform any and all acts which may be convenient or desirable for carrying out the purposes of the said Company.

The amount of the capital stock of the said Company is five million dollars, divided into fifty thousand shares of the par value of one hundred dollars each.

The term of existence of said Company is fifty years.

The place of business of the said Company is located at 61 and 63 Wharf street, Victoria, British Columbia.

In testimony whereof I have hereto set my hand and affixed my seal of office this 16th day of February, 1893, at the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia.

C. J. LEGGATT, Registrar of Joint Stock Companies. fe18

"SPOKANE AND GREAT NORTHERN MINING COMPANY" (FOREIGN).

REGISTERED THE 2ND DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1893

Certificate of Registration.

THIS is to certify that I have this day registered the "Spokane and Great Northern Mining Company" (Foreign) under the "Companies' Act," Part IV., "Registration of Foreign Companies," and the "Companies' Act Amendment Act, 1889."

The objects for which the Company is established are:—To acquire by purchase, development, lease, discovery, location and otherwise, mines and mining interests and mining property of every and any desirable character throughout Washington, Idaho, Montana, and elsewhere in the United States of America, also in the Province of British Columbia, but particularly in such localities as may be rendered tributary to the City of Spokane; also to engage in the general business of buying, selling, bonding, stocking, mortgaging, exploring, equipping and operating mines, constructing, operating, leasing, buying and selling mills, concentrators and other mining, milling and ore working and transportation machinery, equipment, adjuncts and appliances; also to buy, sell, ship, and generally deal in ores and other mine products; also to trade in the stocks, bonds, mortgages and other securities of other mining and ore-working companies and corporations; also to acquire, improve, mortgage, sell, and generally deal in lands necessary or advantageous to said corporation.

The amount of the capital stock of the said Company is five million dollars, divided into five million shares of the par value of one dollar per share.

The term of the existence of the said Company is fifty years.

The place of business of the said Company is located at 104 Yates Street, in the City of Victoria, Province of British Columbia.

In testimony whereof I have hereto set my hand and affixed my seal of office this 2nd day of February, 1893, at the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia.

[L.S.] C. J. LEGGATT, Registrar of Joint Stock Companies. fe10-1m

NOTICE—I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Adeline Victoria Grive, or any other person, without my written order. (Signed) Jos. T. Grive, Comox, Grantham P.O. ja24-1m

NOTICE.

Having purchased the interest of J. Hasenfratz in the City Brewery, I will continue the business in my own name, assuming all the assets and liabilities of the old firm.

JOHN LAWSON.

Victoria, February 1st, 1893. fe2-1mo

NOTICE.

The firm of Beal & Mouatt, street, have dissolved partnership. All out-standing accounts are to be paid to W. F. Beal, who will continue the business.

fe17 W. F. BEAL.

RAGS WANTED.

Three cents a pound will be paid for clean cotton rags at this office.

I have handled $50,000 worth of business during 1892, and my accounts balance!!

I have also handled $50,000 worth of business during 1892, and *my* accounts balance.

But I Am Sick

OF DOING BUSINESS THAT WAY.

A balance is a handy thing to have in any business, but it should consist in part at least of a

BANK ACCOUNT.

Finding that my balance consists entirely of Real Estate, I have resolved to endeaver to even up things a little. For this purpose I am offering the following

AWFUL SLAUGHTER:

Seven-Room House—Lot 60x120, on Oak Bay avenue—selling for $2,600; $500 cash, balance on time at 8 per cent. New price $2,500.

Six-Room House—Lot 28x60, on James Bay. Price $850; $250 cash, balance on time at 8 per cent. New price $800.

Eight-Room House—Lot 50x127, on Stanley avenue. Price $2,700; $500 cash, balance on terms to suit. New price $2,600.

Eleven-Room House—Lot 50x127, on Stanley avenue. Price $7,500. New price $6,500. Terms to suit. This is a most desirable residence, containing all the most modern conveniences—hot and cold water, electric bell, perfect ventialtion and sanitation—in fact, a home which will meet the approbation of the most exacting. A chance in a thousand.

Three 6 Room Houses—Lot 60x100, in Victoria West. Price $1,500 each. New price $1,250. All on time at low rate of interest.

Two 5-Room Cottages—Lots 60x100, in Victoria West. Price $1,150 each. New price $900; on time; favorable terms.

Twenty-five Lots in Victoria West, only one mile from the post office. Streets all graded and sidewalks laid; most desirable residence property, selling at from $150 to $300 each. New prices $100 to $200, to clear off a long list.

One Lot 60x120, with 4-Room Cottage, on Oak Bay avenue. Price $1,500. New price $1,100.

One 6-Room House—Lot 60x120, near Jubilee Hospital. Old price $2,500. New price $2,000.

D. R. YOUNG

Land and Building Broker. No. 9 Trounce Avenue. ja14

LITHOGRAPHING

—AT THE—

COLONIST.

Only First-class Artists Employed.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

The Occidental Hotel

R. H. BERRYMAN, Proprietor.

Nice clean rooms, best of board, well-stocked bar. Rates low; special rates made to families. Strangers in the city will find this a comfortable, home-like house to stop at. No pains spared to give satisfaction. oc18-tf

RAILWAYS.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y

TIME TABLE No. 17,

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Friday September 30th, 1892. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING SOUTH. READ UP.

STATIONS.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Saturdays & Sundays.
VICTORIA	Ar 12.21	Ar 5.58
RUSSELLS	" 12.26	" 6.51
GEORGEMALLY	" 12.40 P.M	" 6.44
SUMMIT SIDING	" 11.45 A.M	" 6.19
SHAWNIGAN LK	" 10.50	" 4.50
COBBLE HILL	" 10.46	" 4.14
McPHERSON'S	" 10.27	" 3.50
KOKSILAH	" 10.17	" 3.49
DUNCAN'S	" 10.12	" 3.44
SOMENOS	" 10.02	" 3.34
CHEMAINUS	" 9.36	" 3.12
OYSTER BAY SG	" 9.15	" 2.55
NANAIMO	Dp 8.32	Ar 2.14
WELLINGTON	Dp 8.10 A.M	Dp 1.50 P.M
Miles from Vic.	19	5

GOING NORTH. READ DOWN.

STATIONS.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays & Sundays.
WELLINGTON	Dp 8.00 A.M	Dp 2.30 P.M
NANAIMO	Ar 8.19	" 2.34
	Dp 8.39	" 3.19
SOMENOS	" 9.14	" 3.32
DUNCAN'S	" 9.24	" 3.42
KOKSILAH	" 9.44	" 4.04
McPHERSON'S	" 9.57	" 4.14
SHAWNIGAN LK	" 10.07	" 4.29
COBBLE HILL	" 10.12	" 4.39
MALAHAT	" 10.22	" 4.44
GEORGEMALLY	" 10.46	" 5.14
RUSSELLS	" 11.20	" 5.40
VICTORIA	Ar 11.56	" 5.55
	Dp 11.58 P.M	Ar 6.00 P.M
Miles from Vic.	18	73

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria & Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen' Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agt
my29

NOTICES.

AMENDED NOTICE.

TABLE

Showing the Dates and Places of Courts of Assize, Nisi Prius, and Oyer and Terminer, for the Year 1892.

SPRING ASSIZES.

(On Vancouver Island.)

Victoria.....Monday.....16th May
Nanaimo.....Tuesday.....7th June

(On Mainland)

New Westminster..Wednesday.....1st June
Kamloops.....Monday.....6th June
Clinton.....Monday.....13th June

FALL ASSIZE.

(On Mainland.)

Richfield.....Monday.....12th Sept
Clinton.....Wednesday.....28th Sept
Kamloops.....Monday.....3rd Oct
Lytton.....Monday.....10th Oct
New Westminster...Wednesday.....9th Nov

(On Vancouver Island

Victoria.....Monday.....28th Nov
Nanaimo.....Tuesday.....6th Dec

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

PRIVATE BILLS---NOTICE.

THE time limited by the rules for presenting to the House Petitions for Private Bills will expire the 19th day of February, 1893.

Private Bills must be presented to the House on or before the 26th February.

Dated the 10th January, 1893.

THORNTON FELL, Clerk Legislative Assembly.

ja31

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at its next sitting for a license to sell wines, spirits, beer and other fermented and intoxicating liquors in and upon the premises known as the Turner Block, situate on the northwest corner of Douglas and View streets, in the City of Victoria.

FORBES G. VERNON.

Dated at Victoria this 4th day of February, 1893. fe5 30t

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at its next sitting for a transfer of the license held by the late R. H. Ward, to sell wines and liquers by retail at the Albion Hotel, Herald street, Victoria, to Charles Thomas Russell of this city. Dated this 6th day of February, A. D., 1893. W. Monteith, Official Administrator. fe7-td

NOTICE is hereby given that I have this day made application to the Board of Licensing Commissioners, for the City of Victoria, for a license to sell intoxicating liquors by retail, on the premises known as the Rock Bay Hotel, situated on the corner of Work and Bridge streets, in the City of Victoria, under the provisions of Section 229, Municipal Act 1892.

Dated the 3rd day of February, 1893.

ALEXANDER CAMERON, Applicant.

fe5-1mo

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.

Notice is hereby given that the "Dupont" Hospital Ambulance is now ready for service in cases of accidents, and can be obtained at the Victoria Transfer Stables.

The use of the ambulance for all cases other than accidents can only be obtained on the order of one of the Consulting or Visiting Physicians of the Hospital.

The names of the said Physicians can be had on application at the Victoria Transfer Stables.

H. M. YATES, Secretary.

de23-tf

The Colonist.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1893.

ASTRONOMICAL.

VICTORIA, Feb. 23, 1893.

Sun rises .....7.01 a.m. | Sun sets .....5.27 p. m.
Moon sets 3.10 a.m. 24th.

Day of the year, 54 th.

N.B.—The above calculations are based on mean solar time, which is 13m. 32s. *slower* than Victoria standard time.

THE THERMOMETER.

ESQUIMALT STATION, Feb. 22, 1893.

Report for 24 hours ending 9 p. m.

1 a. m..	41°	Mean 42°	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5 a. m..	41°		
9 a. m..	42°	Highest 44°	5 a.m.—6 S.
p. m..	40°		1 p.m.—3 E.
5 p. m..	42°	Lowest 40°	9 p.m—12 S.W.
9 p. m..	44°		
			Rain—.26.

Average state of weather—Cloudy.

E. EAYNES REED, Observer.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer ISLANDER from Vancouver—Wm McPherson, Capt Soule, C M Maxwell, Mrs Kitchen, C J Molky, A H Phillips, Capt Palmer, Jno Henery, Miss Winnett, J Clements, Mrs Howison, O B Sears, J W McFarland and wife, J W Robinson, Thos Kidd, P S Smout, D Green, Walter McGregor, J Heller, E A Schollar, T W Clements, W M Robson, C J Fagan, A M Tyson and wife, D W Garrett, A P Fuller, G R McDonald, J M Robinson, B S Lachlan, Mr Winnett and wife, Mrs Clements, Mrs Robson, R Lowry.

Per CITY OF KINGSTON, from the Sound—H E Ewing, C Wenman, R F Green, H B Nolan, M Lee, Miss Fulton, N E Rinehart, H J Scott, J Olser, Mrs V Boyer, G Atkins, Douglas Potter, C R Spencer, P E Knowles, G Putnam, A E Todd, G O Buchanan, J E Brady, E Houge, J Chaters, Miss Abbott, W L Kelley and wife, G B Harland, A Peterson, H D Kirk, A H Jose.

CONSIGNEES.

Per CITY OF KINGSTON, from the Sound—N E T & L Co, Langley & Co, W C Shaw, J Sommers, Vale & Brooks, R Bower, Quintard & P, Colonist P & P Co, Randall & Sinclair, P McQuade & Son, Mrs M W Frazer, E M Ward.

Per steamer ISLANDER from Vancouver—S Leiser, Langley & Co, C Schloss, Lenz & Leiser, Quintard & P, Naval S Keeper, D Spencer, Weiler Bros, Order J B, C Strouss, M Smith, J C Leask, Ames Holden, T Cusack, B Gordon, G. C Shaw, J Earsman, J A T Caton, J Fullerton, T B Pearson, Vict Ptg Co, G H Maynard, A E Westcott, E G Anderson, A Lewis, B C Com J Co, J Maynard, J H Baker, J Richards, Turner & Beeton, E G Prior, J Piercy, Victoria Times, W P Jaynes, H L Salmon, T B Pearson, H Brenchley, W Duncan, A F Turner, R Porter, Ledingham Bros, T N Hibben, S Shaw, Canada Paint Co, R Jamieson, J Ward, J Mellor, E B Marvin, R McDonald, Fleming Bros, R P Rithet, B & K M Co, Hall Ross & Co, Nicholls & R, A E Morris, Watson & Geiger, W F Hall, F Norris, H Saunders, L Dickinson, Singer Mfg Co, R W Higginbotham, J Hutchison, B Williams, G R Jackson, H Bornstein, Cap & Cates, Cal Wine Co, D H Ross, H Bay Co, J White, J B Johnston, J Grier, J Barnsley, Prior & Co, W H Perry, Ramsay Bros, Spratt & Gray, Thompson & K, T Earle, Dom Ex Co.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Kitchen is over from the Mainland.

W. H. Lomas, of Duncan's, is in the city.

Alex. Ewan, New Westminster, is at the Driard.

H. J. Scott returned from the Sound last evening.

James Henderson, of Blaine, Wash., is at the Victoria.

H. Winnett, wife and child, Toronto, are at the Driard.

Capt. Palmer, R. C. A., returned from the Mainland last evening.

Ex-Mayor John Hendry, of Westminster, is a guest at the Driard.

Superintendent of Police F. S. Hussey, returned from Nanaimo.

W. Jenkinson and Thomas Walton, of Louisville, Ky., are in the city.

J. W. McFarland and Mrs. McFarland, of Vancouver, are in the city.

O. B. Gears, New York, and H. Wilson, Vancouver, are guests at the Hotel Victoria.

J. Clements and F. W. Clements and wife, Vancouver, are among the Driard guests.

C. S. Baxter, general passenger agent of the C. P. N. Co., yesterday received the sad news of his father's death at the homestead in Ontario.

E. J. O'Sullivan, C. E., writes from Montreal, P. Q., that he will leave there for Victoria very shortly, and be here to re-open the B. C. Business College about March 1. His return to this Province has been delayed owing to death in the family.

THE SPICE OF LIFE.

Carpenter tools at Cheapside. *

Xmas gifts in variety at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street. *

A fine variety of china goods suitable for Xmas presents now on view and for sale cheap at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street. *

Jadley—Does Datson still go with the same girl that he did last summer?

Jellyby—Yess.

Jadley—She still accepts his attentions as if she cared for him?

Jellyby—Oh, yes, after a fashion. He's her husband now.

Estimates given on interior hard wood work, office fixtures, etc., by Weiler Bros. *

Mrs. Ontume—How do you account for this hair on your coat?

Ontume—It must have come from the barber's boy brushing it.

Mrs. Ontume—But he wouldn't put on a woman's long hair.

Ontume—Yess, he would; I didn't give him a nickel.

Cheap dinner sets at Cheapside. *

Rich Banker—I hope you appreciate the fact that my daughter is a noble, self-sacrificing creature and will make you an excellent wife.

Prospective Son-in-law—I do sir, and I assume that she inherited those very desirable qualities from her esteemed father.

Special Sale

At THE WHITE HOUSE. Furs—Ladies and Childrens' Jackets.

"Ah! you flatter me," lisped a masher to a pretty girl with whom he was conversing. "No, I don't," was the reply; "you couldn't be any flatter than you are."

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers or their children when teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind

nl d&w-ly

THE MUNICIPAL ACT.

Amendments Proposed to Be Inserted by Hon. Mr. Beaven and Their Scope.

No Absent Persons to Be Nominated for Civic Office—To Regulate Public Health.

The bill introduced in the Legislature yesterday by Hon. Mr. Beaven to amend the Municipal Act provides as follows:

No person to be nominated for office of mayor, reeve, etc., unless duly qualified, and he shall furnish, before 2 p.m. on the day of nomination, a written statement of the land, etc., on which he qualifies.

To amend sec. 51, so that any one nominated for office shall consent, in writing, on nomination day, no exception being made for absentees.

To enable a municipal council to buy the stock of an incorporated water works company.

To regulate pounds and impose penalties, conditions, etc.

To regulate the erection of buildings, etc., which may be considered a "dangerous nuisance."

To give the Council power "for providing for the health of the municipality, and against the spread of infectious or contagious diseases, or diseases of a malignant character; for regulating, with a view of preventing the spread of infectious or contagious diseases, the entry or departure of boats or vessels, and the landing of passengers and cargoes from such boats or vessels, or from railroad carriages or cars, and the receiving of passengers or cargoes on board of the same; for prescribing the duties of health officers and scavengers, and for defining the limits within which each scavenger shall perform his duties; for regulating and licensing scavengers and chimney sweeps, and for revising and consolidating the by-laws of the municipality."

To give the Council power to purchase and hold land for hospital, quarantine station and other such purposes.

To render it unnecessary to advertise revised and consolidated by-laws.

To enable money to be borrowed for carrying out local improvement work.

To facilitate local improvement work.

To enable the investment of sinking fund money without the consent of the Lieut.-Governor-in-Council.

To enable the Council to grant licenses at from $5 to $20 per day to exhibit wax works, circus-riding, rope-walking, dancing, tumbling, or other acrobatic or gymnastic performance, wild animals or hippodrome, sparring, boxing, sleight of hand, legerdemain, jugglery, or other like tricks, pictures, paintings, statuary, works of art, natural or artificial curiosities, tableaux, wonderful animals or freaks of nature, or any other exhibition kept for hire or profit when the same is exhibited elsewhere than in a theatre, music or concert hall, or other building or place duly licensed, for each day of such exhibition.

To enable the Council to collect a license not to exceed $50 per month from astrologers, seers, fortune-tellers, clairvoyants, etc.

To amend the law *re* licenses by requiring that fourteen days before the sitting of the licensing court it shall be necessary for the applicant for a license to deposit with the Clerk of the Municipal Council: "(*a.*) A petition or requisition in favor of granting such license, signed by the following persons owning land in the block of land within which the premises for which the license is sought and business will be carried on is situate: "(1.) At least two-thirds of the lot owners resident in the city, and also by at least two-thirds of the wives (if any) of such lot owners living with them: "(*b.*) The petition shall also be signed by the following persons owning land in the block of land on the same street, and opposite the block in which the said premises are situate: "(2.) At least two-thirds of the lot owners resident in the city, and also by at least two-thirds of the wives (if any) of such lot owners living with them: "(*c*) If the premises for which the license is sought are situated on a lot at the corner of two streets, then, in addition to the above, the petition or requisition for the granting of such license must be signed by the following persons owning land in the blocks of land opposite the corner lot upon which the premises are situate or the business will be carried on: (3) At least two-thirds of the lot-owners resident in the city, and also by at least two-thirds of the wives (if any) of such lot-owners living with them: (*d*) A declaration, under oath, to the effect that the building or portion of the building in use as a hotel or to to used as a hotel, has cost to erect not less than $25,000 cash, and that it will only be used for hotel purposes."

To give the Council power to arrange for temporary loans.

Changing the Flag.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—Amid the booming of cannon and the acclamation of thousands, the American flag was this afternoon hoisted to the top of the mast of the United States mail steamer New York, and the well known Inman line became a thing of the past, and at the same time was converted into the only transatlantic line under the United States flag. The formal proceedings under which the corporation availed itself of the American navigation laws took place several days ago. A brief programme of exercises was followed, and amidst cheers and the firing of cannon the President pulled up the flag. The New York will make its first departure under the American flag on Saturday of this week. The company proposes to build six ships in this country, all to be sailed under the American flag.

Earthquake at Sacramento.

SACRAMENTO, Feb. 22.—There was a slight shock of earthquake here last evening, but it was so slight that many did not feel it. At Dixon it was felt quite heavily and the people rushed from their houses. The shock was also felt at Vacaville.

LANDS AND WORKS.

Annual Report of the Chief Commissioner Presented by Him to the Legislature.

The Proposed New Public Buildings—Increased Work of the Department Since 1882.

The annual report of the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for the year ending December 31, 1892, was presented to the Legislature yesterday. It is the usual comprehensive statement of what has been done during the year, with statistics, timber inspectors' reports, etc., at the end.

An interesting portion of the book deals in detail with the proposed new Government buildings. The rules on the basis of which the competitive plans were called for, are given, together with the names of the five successful competitors: "Brittanicus," F. M. Garden, Chicago, U.S.; "B.C. Architect," F. M. Rattenbury, Vancouver, B.C.; "St. George on Shield," J. F. Brown, Toronto, Ont.; "Utility and Dignity," Skillings & Corner, Boston and Seattle, U.S.; "Utile Dulci," T. C. Sorby, Victoria, B.C.

These five gentlemen were then requested to submit a second set of designs in accordance with the following conditions:

Accommodation to be as follows, one room to each name:

Lieut.-Governor's Department.—Lieut.-Governor's office: Private secretary.

Lands and Works Department.—Chief Commissioner (2), deputy commissioner, clerk of records, public office for the recording of land, chief clerk—one room connecting with above, book-keeper and six clerks, type-writer—one room near deputy commissioner, public waiting room, public works engineer—two rooms, surveyor-general, draughtsmen; large vault accommodation will be required, easy of access from all parts of the office. Size about 20 by 50 feet. One store room.

Treasury department—Minister of Finance and Agriculture, waiting room, Auditor-General, Treasury department, 8 clerks, large vault for treasury and assessor in one.

Assessor's department joining treasury—Assessor and collector, assistant and clerk, 1 room, Agricultural department (2), messenger's room.

Provincial Secretary's department—Executive council room, Provincial Secretary, private secretary, connected with Provincial Secretary's room, Deputy Provincial Secretary, clerk and type-writer, library, waiting room, vault adjoining Deputy Provincial Secretary's room, immigration agent, immigration agent clerks.

Minister of Education—Minister of Education, secretary, Superintendent of Education, two inspectors of schools and clerks, waiting room, vault—adjoining inspectors' room, large storage room for supplies and examination papers, additional office, typewriter.

Attorney-General's Department—Attorney-General, stenographer—connected with attorney-general's, deputy attorney-general, Crown solicitor, library, clerks, superintendent of police (2), vault—adjoining clerk's room.

Land Registry office—(To be a detached two-story perfectly fire-proof building). Ground floor: Registrar-General, Deputy Registrar-General, map room, copying room, clerks' office for six men, public room for receiving and examining documents. First floor: Undivided.

Government Printing office—(Detached two-story fire-proof building, with basement). Basement floor: Pressroom, warehouse, boiler room, engine room, fuel room. Ground floor: Office, Queen's printer, stationery room, mailing room, room for proof-readers, lithographing room. First floor: Composing room, book bindery, store room.

The land transactions for the year ending December 31, 1892 are shown to be as follows:—

Pre-emption records, Victoria 151, Cowichan 21, Nanaimo 14, Coast 78, New Westminster 134, Yale 1, Kamloops 50, Osoyoos 204, Lillooet 21, Kootenay 150, Cariboo 43, Cassiar 2. Total, 869.

Certificates of improvement:—

Victoria 32, Cowichan 22, Nanaimo 8, New Westminster 106, Yale 1, Kamloops 25, Osoyoos 49, Lillooet 9, Kootenay 7, Cariboo 7, Cassiar 13. Total, 272.

Certificates of purchase: Victoria 315, Cowichan 38, Nanaimo 18, Comox 2, Coast 68, New Westminster 354, Yale 2, Kamloops 7, Osoyoos 97, Lillooet 56, Kootenay 26, Cariboo 14, Cassiar 3—total 1,000.

Crown grants: Victoria 243, Esquimalt 1, Cowichan 24, Nanaimo 16, Comox 1, Coast 35, New Westminster 225, Yale 3, Kamloops 51, Osoyoos 69, Lillooet 41, Kootenay 104, Cariboo 11, Cassiar 4—total 828.

Timber cutting licenses: Victoria, 8; Coast, 10; New Westminster, 9; Osoyoos, 4; Kootenay, 3; total, 34.

General timber licenses, 90.

Coal prospecting licenses: Victoria, 12; Kamloops, 1; Osoyoos, 7; Lillooet, 5; total, 25.

The increasing work in the department is shown by the following table:

	1882.	1886.	1892.
Pre-emption Records	77	1	669
Certificates of improvement	29	69	272
Certificates of Purchase	201	369	1,000
Crown Grants	129	274	829
Total Acreage Deeded	23,609	50,472	309,878
Acreage Leased for Timber Cutting	....	23,012	112,694
Acreage Covered by Coal Prospecting Licenses	....	....	14,503
Letters Received	1,617	3,485	5,321

The Timber Inspector's report shows that the total quantity of timber cut during 1892, which is subject to royalty, is

64,186,820 feet, and the royalty there on is	$32,093 41
Rent from timber leases during 1892	31,673 63
34 special timber licenses at $50	1,700 00
90 general timber licenses at $10	900 00
The total revenue from timber sources	$66,367 04
There have been issued 24 timber leases, covering 112,694 acres, the rental being	$11,269 40

Butcher knives at Fox's.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

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TO DEPOSITORS.

The British Columbia Land and Investment Agency, Ld.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

Capital (paid up), $250,000, - Reserve, $80,000.

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

ja20

Mrs. Sutherland.

I Had Goitre

Or swellings in the neck since I was 10 years old; am now 52. I used Hood's Sarsaparilla recently and the swelling has entirely disappeared It has been very troublesome. When I began I was feeling so discouraged with the goitre and rheumatism I felt that I would as soon be dead as alive. Whenever I caught cold I could not walk two blocks without fainting. Now I am free from it all and I can truly recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla. I received a letter from Mrs. Jennie Bigelow, now of Fremont, Mich., asking if my testimonial in behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla was true; I replied it was, and sent particulars. I have another letter from her thanking me very much for recommending

Hood's Sarsaparilla

and stating that she also has been cured." MRS. ANNA SUTHERLAND, Kalamazoo, Mich.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner Pills. They assist digestion and cure headache.

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BURSTED WATER PIPES
—send to—
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Telephone Call 213. P. O. Box 330.
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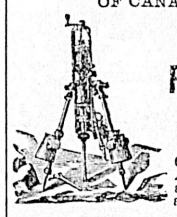

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General Mining and Quarrying Machinery. A full stock of Drills and Duplicate parts always on hand.

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A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures all diseases caused by abuse, indiscretion or overexertion. Six packages GUARANTEED TO CURE when all others fail. Ask your Druggist for the Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

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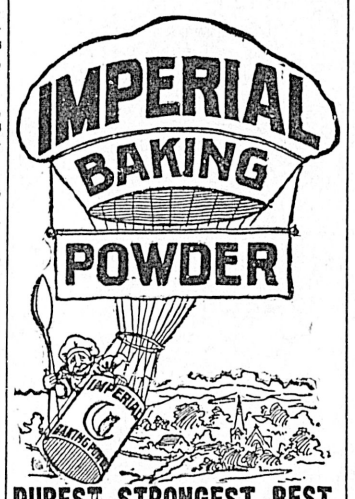

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Contains no Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates, or any Injuriant.

Unlike the Dutch Process
No Alkalies
—OR—
Other Chemicals
are used in the preparation of

W. Baker & Co.'s
Breakfast Cocoa,
which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

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LARDEAU CITY,

WEST KOOTENAY, B.C.

This Townsite is situated at the head of navigation on the N. E. Arm of Upper Arrow Lake. It is the point of entrance to the Mines of the Lardeau and Fish Creek Districts, and gives every promise of being one of the busiest centres in busy Kootenay this year. The Townsite will be developed as soon as the weather permits. A large portion will be cleared and streets graded. Stores, Hotels and other buildings are under construction. There is no question that LARDEAU CITY is the best investment offered in Kootenay to-day, and will repay more quickly and more handsomely than anything now on the market. Full particulars may be learned from

ROBT. IRVING, TRUSTEE, BROAD STREET
—OR—
HENRY CROFT, COLONIST BUILDING, GOVERNMENT ST.

THE WESTSIDE

Is not selling every article at or under cost. For instance, our Standard, Warranted and Guaranteed Kid Gloves are as usual sold at one dollar and twenty cents. We are selling (as hundreds of buyers well know) Mantles, Jackets, Ulsters and Jerseys at one-half their regular price. This, however, is for the especial purpose of making a complete clearance before the arrival of our new stock expected next month. Underwear, Knit Goods, and all kinds of Winter Woolens we have marked at prices interesting to intending purchasers. Dress Goods in double widths reduced from seventy-five cents to forty cents per yard; fine, all wool Tweeds, fifty-four inches wide, from one dollar and twenty-five to ninety cents, and lots of other goods reduced in a like proportion. We invite inspection, and trust that you will examine carefully whether prices and values are not all that we claim them to be.

Thankful for the generous patronage so freely given us in the past,

We are, yours truly,

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

FIRE INSURANCE. PHŒNIX INSURANCE CO., Of Hartford, Conn., ESTABLISHED 1854. Cash Capital, $2,000,000. CANADA BRANCH: Head Office, 114 St. James St, MONTREAL.

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Blankets,
Rugs,
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STEAMER "DANUBE" (Meyer, Master)

Will leave from Turner, Beeton & Co.'s Wharf for

FORT SIMPSON AND WAY PORTS

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1ST, at 6 o'clock p.m.

For freight or passage, apply at the office of the Company, Wharf street.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time, without notification. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

fe16

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION - SALE.

I am instructed to sell by public auction at my salesroom,

NO. 40 YATES ST.

THIS DAY

AT 11 A.M.

A quantity of goods, comprising

Glass Swans, in Silver Mountings, (suitable for holding fruit or flowers), Fancy Ink Pots, Tents, Hammocks, Bookcase, Bedroom Set, Bedsteads, Tinware, Stoves, Lounging Chairs, Blinds, Pictures, and a lot of other goods too numerous to mention in this space.

Terms cash.

W. R. CLARKE, AUCTIONEER

fe21

G. BYRNES, AUCTIONEER

AUCTION

THIS DAY

AT 11 A.M.

FINE LOT ON DALLAS ROAD.

I am instructed to sell by auction at my salesrooms, Fort and Langley streets, the west half of Lot 2, Block XIX., Beckley Farm, having a frontage of 75x250 on Dallas Road, near Boyd Street. This lot is in a beautiful location for a residence, and the land is of excellent quality. TERMS CASH.

fe17 G. BYRNES.

ON AN EARLY DATE

H. CUTHBERT & CO.

WILL SELL BY

AUCTION

IN THEIR MART,

Cor. Broad St. and Trounce Ave.

By order of a gentleman who is giving up housekeeping, the whole of his

Valuable Furniture and Effects.

25 BOXES CIGARS,
6 NEW SECRETAIRES,

And other Office Furniture.

Messrs. H. Cuthbert & Co., during the past 12 months, have handled $10,000,00 worth of general business. They are always prepared, on short notice, to conduct Auction Sales on private premises or in their own salerooms or cattle yards on the usual commission. For the convenience of parties who do not care to have an Auction,

FURNISHED HOUSES

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AT HIS OLD PRICES, FOR CASH.

SUPPORT HIM.

He never sent you a bale you had to send back.

Lumber and Logging Camps, Livery Stables, Contractors, Dairy Men and Chicken Ranches, Feed Stores and Grocers supplied with oats, wheat, barley, chop feed, onions, potatoes, etc., in 1 or 1,000 ton lots.

H. CUTHBERT & CO.,

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STRAIGHT LOANS for a TERM OF YEARS.

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—OF THE—
OMINECA SALOON,

Under the new management, on THURSDAY, THE 23RD INST. The place has been remodelled and re-furnished throughout. Free Lunch. M. J. CONLIN, Proprietor.

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NOTICE TO SURVEYORS.

The undersigned requests tenders for the surveying of a forty acre plot into town lots in the city of Port Angeles.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Address

PILOT J. THOMPSON, care P.O. Box 70, City.

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Painters, Paper Hangers and Decorators.

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